These are the list of specializations and their pre-requisites.

		Specialization	Number of Hours	Pre-requisite
1.	_	Animal Production (NC II)	480 hours	
2.		Aquaculture (NC II)	640 hours	
3.	ပ္	Artificial Insemination (Ruminants) (NC II)	160 hours	Animal Production
4.	ARTS	Artificial Insemination (Swine) (NC II)	160 hours	Animal Production
5.	V	Crop Production (NC I)	320 hours	
6.	AGRI-FISHERY	Fish Wharf Operation (NC I)	160 hours	Fish or Shrimp Grow Out Operation
7.	異	Food (Fish) Processing (NC II)	640 hours	
8.	IIS	Horticulture (NC II)	640 hours	
9.	<u> </u>	Landscape Installation and Maintenance (NC II)	320 hours	Crop Production
10.	8	Organic Agriculture (NC II)	320 hours	Crop Production
11.	Ă	Pest Management (NC II)	320 hours	Crop Production
12.		Rice Machinery Operation (NC II)	320 hours	Crop Production
13.		Slaughtering Operation (NC II)	160 hours	Animal Production
1.		Beauty/Nail Care (NC II)	160 hours	40 hours of the subject during exploratory Grade 7/8
2.		Attractions and Theme Parks (NC II)	160 hours	
3.		Bread and Pastry Production (NC II)	160 hours	
4.		Caregiving (NC II)	640 hours	40 hours of the subject during exploratory Grade 7/8
5.		Cookery (NC II)	320 hours	40 hours of the subject during exploratory Grade 7/8
6.	w	Dressmaking (NC II)	320 hours	
7.	ŭ	Food and Beverage Services (NC II)	160 hours	
8.	Σ	Front Office Services (NC II)	160 hours	40 hours of the subject during exploratory Grade 7/8
9.	2	Hairdressing (NC II)	320 hours	
10.	HOME ECONOMICS	Handicraft (Basketry, Macrame) (Non-NC)	160 hours	
11.	<u>й</u>	Handicraft (Fashion Accessories, Paper Craft) (Non-NC)	160 hours	
12.	Σ	Handicraft (Needlecraft) (Non-NC)	160 hours	
13.	우	Handicraft (Woodcraft, Leathercraft) (Non-NC)	160 hours	
14.	_	Housekeeping (NC II)	160 hours	
15.		Local Guiding Services (NC II)	160 hours	
16.		Tailoring (NC II)	320 hours	40 hours of the subject during exploratory Grade 7/8
17.]	Tourism Promotion Services (NC II)	160 hours	
18.		Travel Services (NC II)	160 hours	
19.		Wellness Massage (NC II)	160 hours	

		Specialization	Number of Hours	Pre-requisite
1.		Computer Hardware Servicing (NC II)	320 hours	•
2.		Animation (NC II)	320 hours	
3.		Computer Programming (NC IV)	320 hours	
4.	ICT	Contact Center Services (NC II)	320 hours	
5.	_	Illustration (NC II)	320 hours	
6.		Medical Transcription (NC II)	320 hours	
7.		Technical Drafting (NC II)	320 hours	
1.		Automotive Servicing (NC I)	640 hours	
2.	(0	Carpentry (NC II)	640 hours	
3.	RTS	Consumer Electronics Servicing (NC II)	640 hours	
4.	Ā	Domestic Refrigeration and Airconditioning Servicing (NC II)	640 hours	
5.	A L	Electrical Installation and Maintenance (NC II)	640 hours	
6.	RIAL	Masonry (NC II)	320 hours	
7.	ST	Plumbing (NC I)	320 hours	
8.	Ξ	Plumbing (NC II)	320 hours	Plumbing (NC I)
9.	INDUST	Shielded Metal Arc Welding (NC I)	320 hours	
10.	_	Shielded Metal Arc Welding (NC II)	320 hours	Shielded Metal Arc Welding (NC I)
11.		Tile Setting (NC II)	320 hours	

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

Grade 7/8 (Exploratory)

Course Description:

This is an exploratory and introductory course which leads to **Dressmaking /Tailoring** National Certificate Level II (NC II). It covers **five** common competencies that a **Grade7/Grade 8** Technology and Livelihood Education (TLE) student ought to possess, namely: 1) using tools, equipment and paraphernalia; 2) performing mensuration and calculation; 3) practicing Occupational Health and Safety (OHS) procedures; 4) maintaining tools, equipment and paraphernalia and; 5) reading and interpreting drawing designs. The preliminaries of this exploratory course include the following: 1) discussion on the relevance of the course; 2) explanation of key concepts relative to the course and; 3) exploration on career opportunities.

	CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
1. 2. 3.	roduction Basic concepts in Dressmaking/Tailoring Relevance of the course Career opportunities	The learner demonstrates understanding of basic concepts and underlying theories in dressmaking/tailoring.	The learner independently demonstrates common competencies in dressmaking/tailoring as prescribed in the TESDA Training Regulation.	 Explain basic concepts in dressmaking/tailoring Discuss the relevance of the course Explore on opportunities for dressmaking/tailoring as a career 	
1.	Assessment of Personal Entrepreneurial Competencies and Skills (PECs) vis-à-vis a practicing entrepreneur/employee 1.1. Characteristics 1.2. Attributes 1.3. Lifestyle 1.4. Skills 1.5. Traits Analysis of PECs in relation to a practitioner	The learner demonstrates understanding of one's PECs.	The learner recognizes his/her PECs and prepares an activity plan that aligns with that of a practitioner/entrepreneur in Dressmaking.	LO 1. Recognize PECs needed in Dressmaking. 1.1. Assess one's PECs: characteristics, attributes, lifestyle, skills, traits 1.2. Assess practitioner's: characteristics, attributes, lifestyle, skills, traits 1.3. Compare one's PECS with that of a practitioner /entrepreneur 1.4. Align one's PECS with that of a practitioner/entrepreneur	TLE_HEDM7/8PC -00-1
EN	VIRONMENT AND MARKET ((EM)			
1. 2. 3. 4.	Key concepts of environment and market Products and services available in the market Differentiation of products and services Customers and their buying habits Competition in the market SWOT Analysis	The learner demonstrates understanding of environment and market that relates with a career choice in Dressmaking	The learner independently generates a business idea based on the analysis of environment and market in Dressmaking.	LO 1. Generate a business idea that relates with a career choice in Dressmaking. 1.1. Conduct SWOT analysis 1.2. Identify the different products/services available in the market 1.3. Compare different products/services in computer hardware servicing business	TLE_HEDM7/8E M-00-1

HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING					
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE	
			 1.4. Determine the profile potential customers 1.5. Determine the profile potential competitors 1.6. Generate potential business idea based on the SWOT analysis 		
LESSON 1:USE OF SEWING TOO					
 Sewing tools and equipment Types and uses of sewing machines 	The learner demonstrates understanding in the use of sewing tools in dressmaking/tailoring.	The learner independently uses tools in dressmaking/tailoring.	LO 1. Identify sewing tools and equipment and their uses 1.1. Identify sewing tools and equipment 1.2. Classify sewing machines 1.3. Describe uses of sewing tools	TLE_HEDM7/8UT -0a-b-1	
LESSON 2: CARRY OUT MEASU	REMENTS AND CALCULATIONS (MT)				
Body measurements in ladies and men's apparel	The learner demonstrates understanding in carrying out measurements in dressmaking/tailoring.	The learner independently carries out measurements and calculations based on job requirements.	1.1. Select appropriate measuring tools 1.2. Take accurate body measurements 1.3. Read and record required measurements	TLE_HEDM7/8M T-0c-d-2	
2. Metric conversion chart			LO 2. Perform simple calculations 2.1 Apply the systems of measurements 2.2 Perform simple calculations based on the job requirement 2.3 Demonstrates accurate reading measurements	TLE_HEDM7/8M T-0e-3	
Estimate appropriate quantities			LO 3. Estimate appropriate quantities 3.1 Practice the fundamentals of	TLE_HEDM7/8M T-0f-4	

PERFORMANCE PERFORMANCE					
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE	
			arithmetic operations 3.2 Estimate cost of project materials		
LESSON 3. READ AND INTERP	RET PRODUCT DESIGNS (ID)				
 Appropriateness of design according to: 1.1. Age 1.2. Customer's Preference 1.3. Body Physique Principles of Design Color Theory Basic Hand Stitches 	The learner demonstrates understanding in reading and interpreting product designs and specifications in dressmaking/tailoring.	The learner independently reads and interprets product designs in dressmaking/tailoring.	LO 1. Read and interpret specifications of product design 1.1.Assess the appropriateness of design based on the client's features 1.2.Read specifications 1.3.Apply the principles of design and color harmonies	TLE_HEDM7/8ID -0g-5	
LESSON 4. PERFORM BASIC M	AINTENANCE (BM)				
Machine Operation 1.1. Lower and Upper Threading of Sewing Machine 1.2. Common Sewing Machine Troubles and its Remedies 1.3. Quality Stitches and Tensions Troubles and remedies of sewing machine	The learner demonstrates understanding in performing basic maintenance of sewing machine in dressmaking/tailoring.	The learner consistently performs basic maintenance of sewing machine in dressmaking/tailoring.	LO 1. Operate machine and assess its performance 1.1. Observe proper handling and cleaning of the machine 1.2. Identify correct procedures in machine operation 1.3. Resolve common machine troubles	TLE_HEDM7/8B M-0h-6	
3. Care of Sewing Machine			LO 2. Clean and lubricate machine 2.1 Observe regular cleaning of machine 2.2 Follow the safety procedures in machine cleaning 2.3 Perform regular maintenance schedules	TLE_HEDM7/8B M-0i-7	
LESSON 5. PRACTICE OCCUPA	-				
Hazards and Risks Identification and Control	The learner demonstrates understanding in practicing occupational safety and health in	The learner consistently practices occupational safety and health in	LO 1. Identify and evaluate hazards and risks 1.1. Explain workplace hazards and	TLE_HEDM7/8B M-0j-8	

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
	dressmaking/tailoring.	dressmaking/tailoring.	risks 1.2. Identify hazards and risks in the workplace 1.3. Explain the causes of hazards and risks	

(160 hours)

This curriculum guide on DRESSMAKING leads to National Certificate Level II (NC II). This course is design for a high school student to develop knowledge, skills, and attributes to perform the tasks on DRESSMAKING. It covers core competencies namely 1) Produce sleeping garments; 2) Produce children's wear

	CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
1. 2. 3.	troduction Core concepts in dressmaking Relevance of the course Career opportunities	The learner demonstrates understanding of core concepts and theories in dressmaking.	The learner independently demonstrates core competencies in dressmaking as prescribed in the TESDA Training Regulation.	 Explain core concepts in dressmaking Discuss the relevance of the course Explore on opportunities for dressmaking as a career 	
	ONCEPT REVIEW ERSONAL ENTREPRENEURIAL COMPETENCI	IES - PECs (PC)	1	1	
2.	Dimensions of Personal Entrepreneurial Competencies 1.1. Three Clusters of PECs (Achievement, Planning, Power Clusters) 1.2. Characteristics Assessment of Personal Competencies and Skills (PECs)	The learner comprehends Personal Entrepreneurial Competencies – its dimensions and characteristics.	The learner recommends specific strategies to improve 'weak' areas and sustain 'strong' areas of their PECs.	LO 1. Assess Personal Entrepreneurial Competencies 1.1. Explain dimensions/clusters of PECs and the different characteristic traits per cluster 1.2. Evaluate one's PECs	TLE_PECS9-12- I0-1
Bl	JSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND MARKET (EM				T
1. 2.	Factors included in the Business Environment Spotting and Identifying Business Opportunities	The learner demonstrates understanding of the different factors that influence the business environment	The learner analyzes how factor influence the business environment. The learner relates experience in generating business ideas or identifying business opportunities.	LO 2. Understand the business environment and business ideas 2.1 Explain how different factors influence the business environment 2.2 Explain procedures for generating business ideas or identifying business	TLE_EM9-12-I0-1

HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING						
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE		
			opportunities			
			2.3 Generate business ideas and			
			identify business			
			opportunities			
Quarter I LESSON 1: PRODUCE SLEEPING GARMENTS (S	SG)					
Principles and elements of design	The learner demonstrates	The learner plan, design	LO 1. Draft and cut pattern	TLE_HEDM9-		
2. Types of fabrics	understanding on the	and sew sleeping garments.	for sleeping garments	12SG-Ia-f-1		
3. Fabric properties	principles of designing and		1.1. Plan garment design			
4. Types of sleeping garments	sewing of sleeping		1.2. Take client's body			
5. Characteristics of a sleeping garments	garments		measurement			
6. Project plan for sleeping garments			1.3. Draft basic/ block pattern			
7. Tools. materials and equipment needed			1.4. Manipulate Patterns			
8. Measurements needed in sewing sleeping garments			1.5. Cut final Pattern			
9. Procedures in drafting basic/block pattern for						
sleeping garments						
10. Drafting basic/block pattern						
11. Pattern Symbols						
12. Manipulating basic/block pattern						
13. Techniques in cutting final pattern						
14. Fabric care			LO 2. Prepare and cut	TLE_HEDM9-		
15. Characteristics of fabrics			materials for sleeping	12SG-Ig-i-2		
16. Selection of fabrics suited for sleeping			garments			
garments design			2.1 Prepare materials			
17. Marking tools18. Principles of laying out the fabric			2.2 Lay- out and pin patterns on fabrics			
19. Principles of laying out the labric			2.3 Cut fabrics			
20. Laying out pattern pieces			2.5 Cut labiles			
21. Transferring pattern marks and symbols onto						
the fabric						
22. Guidelines in cutting fabric						
23. Fabric cutting						
Quarter II	100	1	1			
LESSON 1: PRODUCE SLEEPING GARMENTS (S	(G)	T	1.00.4	TI E 11EB 140		
Pre-assembling procedure Pre-assembling procedure			LO 3. Assemble sleeping	TLE_HEDM9-		
2. Pressing techniques			garments parts	12SG-IIa-g-3		
3. Kinds of seams and seam finishes			3.1 Prepare cut parts			

* LO – Learning Outcome

	HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING						
	CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE		
4.	Preparing parts for sewing			3.2 Sew and assemble sleeping			
5.	Unit method of assembling sleeping garments			garments parts			
6.	Procedure in assembling sleeping garments						
	6.1. Finishing touches			LO 4. Apply finishing touches	TLE_HEDM9-		
	6.2. Hemming stitches			on sleeping garments	12SG-IIh-j-4		
	6.3. Attaching fastener			4.1 Apply finishing touches	_		
7.	Trimming techniques for sleeping garments			4.2 Alter completed garment			
8.	Evaluation of finished sleeping garments			4.3 Press finished garment			
9.	Pressing tools, materials and equipment			4.4 Pack finished garment			
10.	Procedure in pressing sleeping garments						
11.	Application of heat and pressure on sleeping						
	garments						
12.	Labeling of garments						
	Kinds of packaging materials						
	Procedures in packaging finished garments						
	arter III						
	SSON 2: PRODUCE CHILDREN'S WEAR (CW))					
1.	Designs of children's wear	The learner demonstrates	The learner plan, design	LO 1. Draft and cut pattern	TLE_HEDM9-		
2.	Characteristics of a well-fitted children's	understanding on the	and sew children's wear.	for children's dress	12CW-IIIa-h-5		
	wear	principles of designing and		1.1. Plan garment design			
3.	Types of fabrics suited for children's dresses	sewing children's wear		1.2. Take client's body			
4.	Types of sleeves			measurement			
	4.1. Set-in			1.3. Draft basic/ block pattern			
	4.2. Puff			1.4. Manipulate Pattern			
	4.3. Bell			1.5. Cut final Pattern			
	4.4. Butterfly						
	4.5. Angel						
5.	Types of collars						
	5.1. Peter pan						
	5.2. Sports						
	5.3. Sailors						
1	5.4. Flat						
6.	Types of skirts						
	6.1. pencil						
	6.2. balloon						
	6.3. pleated						
	6.4. sheared or gathered						
	6.5. peplum						

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING					
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE	
6.6. bubble					
7. Types of facing and interfacing					
8. Types of pockets					
8.1. Patch					
8.2. Seam					
8.3. Welt					
9. Project plan for children's wear					
10. Body measurements for children's wear					
11. Procedure in taking body measurement for					
children's wear					
12. Procedures in drafting basic/block pattern					
for children's wear					
13. Manipulating basic/block pattern for					
children's wear					
14. Techniques in cutting final pattern					
15. Accessories and accents for children's wear			LO 2. Prepare and cut	TLE_HEDM9-	
16. Laying out pattern pieces for children's wear			materials for children's dress	12CW-IIIi-j-6	
17. Transferring of marks onto the fabric			2.1 Prepare materials	12011-1-0	
18. Cutting fabrics			2.2 Lay- out and pin pattern on		
10. Cutting labrics			fabric		
			2.3 Cut fabric		
Quarter IV	<u> </u>		2.5 Cut labile		
LESSON 2: PRODUCE CHILDREN'S WEAR (CW)	•				
Pre-assembling procedure for children's wear			LO 3. Assemble garment	TLE_HEDM9-	
2. Techniques pressing in children's wear			parts for children's wear	12CW-IVa-h-7	
Preparing parts for sewing			3.1 Prepare cut parts	12CVV-1Va-11-7	
4. Unit method of assembling			3.2 Sew and assemble children's		
5. Procedure in assembling children's dress.					
Finishing touches			wear	TLE HEDM9-	
1.1. Hemming stitches*			LO 4. Apply finishing touches on children's wear	12CW-IVi-j-8	
1.2. Types of fasteners				12044-141-1-0	
1.2. Types or rasteners 1.3. Buttons*			4.1 Apply finishing touches		
			4.2 Alter completed garment		
1.4. Snap*			4.3 Press finished garment		
1.5. hook and eye*			4.4 Pack finished garment		
1.6. zipper*					
1.7. magnetic tape*					
2. Attaching fastener					
3. Trimming techniques for children's wear					

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
4. Procedure in pressing children's wear				
5. Application of heat and pressure on children's				
wear				
6. Characteristics of a well-fitted children's wear				
7. Evaluation of finished children's wear				
8. Labeling of garments				
9. Kinds of packaging materials				
10. Procedure in packing of children's wear				

(160 hours)

Course Description:

This curriculum guide on **Dressmaking** leads to National Certificate Level II (NC II). This course is design for a high school student to develop knowledge, skills, and attitude to perform tasks on Dressmaking. It covers three competencies that a grade 10 Technology and Livelihood Education (TLE) student ought to possess namely: 1) Produce ladies skirt; 2) Produce ladies blouse and 3) Produce ladies trousers. The preliminaries of this specialization course includes the following: 1) Explain core concepts in dressmaking; 2) Discuss the relevance of the course 3) Explore on opportunities for dressmaking as a career.

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
 Introduction Core concepts in dressmaking Relevance of the course Career opportunities PERSONAL ENTREPRENEURIAL	The learner demonstrates understanding of core concepts and principles in dressmaking. COMPETENCIES - PECS	The learner independently demonstrates core competencies in dressmaking as prescribed in the TESDA Training Regulation.	 Explain core concepts in dressmaking Discuss the relevance of the course Explore on opportunities for dressmaking as a career 	
 Assessment of Personal Competencies and Skills (PECs) vis-à-vis a practicing entrepreneur in the locality. 1.1. Characteristics 1.2. Lifestyle 1.3. Skills 1.4. Traits Analysis of PECs in relation to a practitioner Application of PECs to the chosen business/career 	The learner demonstrates understanding of one's PECs in Dressmaking.	The learner independently creates a plan of action that develops/strengthens one's PECs in Dressmaking.	 LO 1. Develop and strengthen PECs needed in Dressmaking. 1. Identify areas for improvement, development and growth 2. Use one's PECs for a business or career choice 3. Create an action plan to ensure success in the business or career choice 	TLE_PECS9-12-I0-1
1. Product development 2. Key concepts of developing a product 3. Finding value for the product 4. Innovation 4.1. Unique Selling Proposition (USP)	The learner demonstrates understanding of environment and market for the Dressmaking in one's locality.	The learner independently creates a business vicinity map reflective of potential Dressmaking market within the locality.	LO 1. Develop a product/ service in Dressmaking 1.1. Explain what makes a product unique and competitive 1.2. Identify what is of "Value" to the customer 1.3. Apply creativity and Innovative techniques to develop marketable product 1.4. Employ a Unique Selling Proposition (USP) to the product/service	TLE_EM9-12-I0-1

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	ME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKIN PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
5. Selecting business idea6. Key concepts of selecting a business idea6.1 Criteria6.2 Techniques			LO 2. Select a business idea 2.1 Enumerate various criteria and steps in selecting a business idea 2.2 Analyze a business idea based on the criteria/techniques set 2.3 Apply the criteria/steps in	TLE_EM9-12-I0-2
			selecting a viable business idea	
7. Branding			LO 3. Develop a brand for the product 3.1 Identify the benefits of having a good brand 3.2 Enumerate the criteria in developing a brand 3.3 Create a unique product brand	TLE_EM9-12-I0-3
Quarter 1	1		Total and an analysis produced an annual	
LESSON 1: PRODUCE LADIES' SK		-		
 Principles and elements of design Types of fabrics suited for ladies skirt Fabric Properties Body measurements for ladies skirt Procedure in taking body measurement for ladies skirts Types of ladies skirts Types of facing and interfacing Procedures in drafting ladies skirts Drafting basic/block pattern Manipulating basic/block pattern Techniques in cutting final pattern 	The learner demonstrates understanding on the principles of designing and sewing of ladies skirts.	The learner plan, design and sew ladies skirts.	LO 1. Draft and cut pattern for ladies skirts 1.1. Plan garment design 1.2. Take client's body measurement 1.3. Draft basic/ block pattern 1.4. Manipulate Pattern 1.5. Cut final Pattern	Ia-c-1
12. Characteristics of fabrics13. Selection of accessories suited on fabric types and			LO 2. Prepare and cut materials for ladies skirts 2.1 Prepare materials	TLE_HEDM9-12SK- Id-2

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
designs	CONTENT STANDARD	FERIORMANCE STANDARD	2.2 Lay- out and mark pattern on	CODL
14. Principles of laying out the			material	
fabric			2.3 Cut materials	
15. Laying out pattern pieces				
16. Transferring of marks onto the				
fabric				
17. Pre-assembling procedure			LO 3. Assemble garment parts for	TLE HEDM9-12SK-
18. Pressing techniques			ladies skirts	Ie-i-3
19. Procedure in assembling ladies			3.1 Prepare cut parts	
skirts			3.2 Sew and assemble athletic ladies	
20. Preparing parts for sewing			skirts	
21. Unit method of assembling			3.3 Alter completed garment	
ladies skirts			, and the proof of	
22. Characteristics of a well-fitted				
ladies skirts				
23. Evaluation of finished ladies				
skirts				
24. Finishing touches			LO 4. Apply finishing touches on	TLE_HEDM9-12SK-
24.1. Hemming			ladies skirts	Ij-4
stitches			4.1 Apply finishing touches	
24.2. Attaching			4.2 Press finished garment	
fasteners			4.3 Pack finished garment	
25. Trimming techniques for ladies			_	
skirt				
26. Procedure in pressing ladies				
skirts				
27. Application of heat and				
pressure on ladies skirts				
28. labeling of garments				
29. Kinds of packaging materials				
30. Procedures in packaging				
finished garment				
Quarter II				
LESSON 2: PRODUCE LADIES' BL				
1. Designs of blouse	The learner demonstrates	The learner plan, design and	LO 1. Draft and cut pattern for	TLE_HEDM9-12BL-
Types of fabrics suited for	understanding on the	sew ladies blouse.	ladies blouse	IIa-d-5
ladies blouse	principles of designing and		1.1. Plan garment design	
Types of necklines	sewing of ladies blouse.		1.2. Take client's body measurement	
4. Types of sleeves			1.3. Draft basic/ block pattern	

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
4.1. Set-in	CONTENT STANDARD	FERI ORMANCE STANDARD	1.4. Manipulate Pattern	CODE
4.2. Puff			1.5. Cut final Pattern	
4.3. Kimono			1.5. Cut illiai Fatterii	
4.4. Raglan				
4.5. Dolman				
5. Types of facing and				
interfacing				
6. Types of pockets				
6.1. Patch				
6.2. Welt				
7. Body measurements for				
ladies blouse				
8. Procedure in taking body				
measurement for ladies blouse				
9. Procedures in drafting ladies				
blouse				
10. Drafting basic/block pattern				
for ladies blouse				
11. Manipulating basic/block				
pattern for ladies blouse				
12. Techniques in cutting final				
pattern				
13. Accessories and Accents for			LO 2. Prepare and cut materials	TLE_HEDM9-12BL-
ladies blouse			for ladies blouse	IIe-6
14. Laying out pattern pieces for			2.1 Prepare materials	110 0
ladies blouse			2.2 Lay- out and mark pattern on	
15. Transferring of marks onto the			material	
fabric			2.3 Cut materials	
16. Cutting the fabric				
17. Pre-assembling procedure for			LO 3. Assemble garment parts for	TLE_HEDM9-12BL-
ladies blouse			ladies blouse	IIf-i-7
18. Pressing techniques ladies			3.1 Prepare cut parts	
blouse			3.2 Sew and assemble ladies blouse	
19. Procedure in assembling ladies			3.3 Alter completed garment	
blouse				
20. Preparing parts for sewing				
ladies blouse				
21. Unit method of assembling				
ladies blouse				
22. Characteristics of a well-fitted				

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

ladies blouse 23. Evaluation of finished ladies blouse 24. Types of fasteners 24.1. Buttons* 24.2. snap* 24.3. hook and eye* LO 4. Apply finishing touches on ladies blouse 4.1 Apply finishing touches 4.2 Press finished garment	EDM9-12BL-
blouse 24. Types of fasteners 24.1. Buttons* 24.2. snap* LO 4. Apply finishing touches on ladies blouse 4.1 Apply finishing touches	EDM9-12BL-
blouse 24. Types of fasteners 24.1. Buttons* 24.2. snap* LO 4. Apply finishing touches on ladies blouse 4.1 Apply finishing touches	EDM9-12BL-
24.1. Buttons* 24.2. snap* Ilj-8 4.1 Apply finishing touches	EDM9-12BL-
24.1. Buttons* 24.2. snap* Ilj-8 4.1 Apply finishing touches	
24.2. snap* 4.1 Apply finishing touches	
24.4. zipper* 4.3 Pack finished garment	
25. Finishing touches	
25.1. Hemming	
stitches*	
25.2. Attaching	
fastener*	
26. Trimming techniques for ladies	
blouse	
27. Procedure in pressing ladies	
blouse	
28. Application of heat and	
pressure on ladies blouse	
29. Labeling of garments	
30. Kinds of packaging materials	
31. Procedure in packaging	
finished garments	
Quarter III	
LESSON 3: PRODUCE LADIES' TROUSERS (TR)	
1. Designs of ladies trousers The learner demonstrates The learner plan, design and LO 1. Draft and cut pattern for TLE_HI	EDM9-12TR-
2. Types of fabrics suited for understanding on the sew ladies trousers ladies trousers IIIa-h-	-9
ladies trousers principles of designing and 1.1. Plan garment design	
3. Types of pockets sewing ladies trousers. 1.2. Take client's body measurement	
3.1. Patch* 1.3. Draft basic/ block pattern	
3.2. Seam* 1.4. Manipulate Pattern	
3.3. Welt* 1.5. Cut final Pattern	
4. Types of facing and	
interfacing	
5. Body measurements for	
ladies trousers	
6. Procedure in taking body	
measurement for ladies	
trousers	

CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
7. Procedures in drafting ladies		TER SKI MICE STATEMEN		3322
trousers				
8. Drafting basic/block pattern				
for ladies trousers				
9. Manipulating basic/block				
pattern for ladies trousers				
10. Techniques in cutting final				
pattern				
11. Laying out pattern pieces for			LO 2. Prepare and cut materials	TLE_HEDM9-12TR-
ladies trousers			for ladies trousers	IIIi-j-10
12. Transferring of marks onto the			2.1 Prepare materials	
fabric			2.2 Lay- out and mark pattern on	
13. Cut fabric			material 2.3 Cut materials	
			2.5 Cut materials	
Quarter IV				
LESSON 3: PRODUCE LADIES' TR	OUSERS (TR)			
1. Pre-assembling procedure for			LO 3. Assemble garment parts	TLE_HEDM9-12TR-
ladies trousers			for ladies trousers	Iva-h-11
2. Pressing techniques ladies			3.1 Prepare cut parts	
trousers			3.2 Sew and assemble ladies	
3. Procedure in assembling ladies			trousers	
trousers			3.3 Alter completed garment	
4. Preparing parts for sewing				
ladies trousers 5. Unit method of assembling				
ladies trousers				
6. Characteristics of a well-				
tailored ladies trousers				
7. Evaluation of finished ladies				
trousers				
8. Types of fasteners			LO 4. Apply finishing touches on	TLE_HEDM9-12TR-
9. Buttons			ladies trousers	IVi-j-12
9.1. Snap			4.1 Apply finishing touches	-
9.2. hook and eye			4.2 Press finished garment	
9.3. zipper			4.3 Pack finished garment	
10. Finishing touches				
10.1. Hemming				
stitches				

* LO – Learning Outcome

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

HOLLE CONTOLLED PRESCRIPTION				
CONTENT	CONTENT STANDARD	PERFORMANCE STANDARD	LEARNING COMPETENCIES	CODE
10.2. Attaching				
fastener				
11. Trimming techniques for ladies				
trousers				
12. Procedure in pressing ladies				
trousers				
13. Application of heat and				
pressure on ladies trousers				
14. Labeling of garments				
15. Kinds of packaging materials				
16. Procedure in packaging				
finished garments				

Accessories	articles of clothing worn to complete or to complement one's outfit.
Accuracy	the exactness of a measured distance or circumference
Altering	changing portion of a garment so that it fits the body
Apparel	clothing or dress
Bartacking machine	This is used in reinforcing the opening and closing of pockets
Balance wheel	sets the mechanism in motion.
Band wheel crank	leads the balance wheel through the belt connection. Band wheel crank moves the band wheel.
Belt	connects the balance wheel to the drive wheel.
Belt guide	holds the belt to its place.
Belt shifter	removes the belt from the wheel.
Bias	cloth that us cut slantwise across the grain
Bobbin	is a metal spool for winding thread.
Bobbin case	holds the bobbin.
Bobbin winder	controls the bobbin while winding thread.
Bust	lift your arms to the side.
Bust to bust	measure from your one nipple to your other nipple.
Button attachment machine	This is used in attaching buttons to the garments.
Button holer machine	This is used in making buttonholes on garments.
Cabinet	holds the head of the machine by interlocking screw on the hinges.
Calculation	the process or an act of calculating
Calculator	an electronic device used for speed computation
Conversion	a change of figures like changing from centimeters to inches and vice versa

	HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING		
Cost	the amount paid or charge for something that is acquired		
Cutting tools	a cutting implement; a tool for cutting.		
Design	the arrangement of parts, details, forms, and colors to produce something new		
Double needle machine	This is used in the construction of the different kinds of clothing especially for the inseam, out seam and side seam.		
Dressmaker's carbon paper	also called dressmaker's tracing paper is a specially waxed carbon paper that transfer's the tracing wheel's markings to the fabric.		
Dress guard	protects the dress from the wheel.		
Embroidery machine	This is used in making fancy stitches and in making different kinds of embroidery stitches on fabrics for the barong tagalog, pillow cases, linen, and other novelty items.		
Fabric	the cloth used in making garments.		
Feed dog	moves the fabric while sewing.		
Firm weave	a weave in which the yarns or threads are tightly twisted and placed close together		
Flax	a plant which produces linen fiber		
French curve	This is used to shape the depth of the neckhole and armhole of the pattern.		
Garment	any article of clothing		
Grainline	the direction in which the yarns or threads are woven		
Hand needle	used in making temporary stitches and buttonholes. Sizes of 7 to 10 are for general hand sewing.		
Hemline	the marked line at the bottom of the garment where the hem is turned		
Hi-speed lockstitch sewing machine	This is sometimes called "straight stitching machine» or industrial sewing machine. It has automatic lubrication and is used by tailors and Dressmakers.		
Hips	measure around the fullest part of your hips.		
Household fabrics	curtains, carpets, bed linen, etc.		
IMC	Individual Measurement Chart		
Knit	connected loops of yarn with big needles to form a fabric		
Label (for clothes)	a card, fabric or paper marked and attached to an object to indicate its contents, manufacturer, care, and origin		
Legs	support the cabinet of the machine.		

	HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING
Length	the longer or longest dimension of an object to measure
Lingerie (lohn-zhu-ray)	girls' and women's under-clothing such as slips, panties, bras, girdles, robes, pajamas, and nightgowns.
Lockstich sewing machine	This is usually used in homes and sometimes in school. This is also called -domestic sewing machine . It is run by foot and may also be converted to electric power machine.
Lower bust	measure around the torso directly under the bust line.
I-square/ tailor square or "I"	is used to transfer measurements to the draft pattern. It also divides the garment into the desired measurement. It has perfect squares and is useful in making straight lines and numbers. It can also function as a tape measure.
Measuring tools	an instruments used for obtaining quantities, dimensions or forces of real world objects.
Measurement	a systematic procedure of determining the quantity or extent of the entire measurable dimension
Metric system	a decimal system of physical units based on a unit of length known as the meter (greek metron, -measure)
Needle	is a slender tool attached in the needle clamp used for sewing.
Needle bar	holds the needle in place.
Needle clamp	holds and tightens the needle.
Neutral color	a "dim" tone, made by mixing complementary colors
Pincushion	a pincushion holds the straight pins and needles while working to prevent accidents.
Over edging machine	Other companies call it-small machine . It finishes the raw edges of the pattern for construction.
Pattern	a piece of paper usually one-half of the body parts used as a guide in cutting the garments
Pitman rod	holds the treadle to band wheel crank.
Plaid	a pattern consisting of colored bars or stripes which cross each other to form squares, repeated on the fabric
Presser bar lifter	moves the presser foot.
Presser foot	holds the fabric in place while sewing.
Print	to stamp or press a design onto a fabric surface; fabric printed with a surface design (not dyed)
Ravel	to become unwoven; to separate or untwist threads or yarns
Rulers	a ruler measuring 12 inches or even 18 inches, either clear or solid used for measuring and drawing straight seam lines and cutting lines. It also aids in connecting lines.
Scissor	a cross-blade cutting instrument about 5 inches 6 inches long with two small looped handles
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	HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING
Seam	any stitching or sealing of two pieces at the edges
Selvage	each side of a woven fabric, finished with a woven edge
Sewing gauge	a small ruler with a sliding guide and is about six inches long. This gauge is used for measurements at hem lines, button holes and areas where other small measurements require checking, such as pleats and tucks.
Sewing machine	a textile machine used to stitch fabric, cards and other material with thread.
Sewing needle threader	it aids in putting the thread to the needle.
Sewing tools	instruments that aid in accomplishing a sewing task
Shears	scissor-type cutting device with one large handle, one small
Sheer	very thin or transparent fabrics
Shoulder to bust	measure from tip of the shoulder to the centre of bust (nipple).
Slide plate	is a movable plate that covers the shuttle and bobbin case.
System	the English system has inches for its basic unit
Shuttle	holds the bobbin case while sewing.
Spool pin	is the thread holder.
Stitch regulator	checks the length of the stitches.
Stop motion screw	hinders moving when loosened and start.
Style	a quality or type of clothing
Tailor's chalk	This is essential as a marker for use on materials. Tailor's chalk is available in a range of colors and is removed by brushing.
Tape measure	a flexible measuring device used in taking body measurements.
Thimble	a small hard pitted cup worn for protection on the finger that pushes the needle in <u>sewing</u> .
Thread guide	keeps the thread in position.
Thread take up lever	releases the thread and interlocks with the bobbin thread.
Treadle	is where the feet are stationed to drive the band wheel through the pitman rod.
Tension	controls the looseness and tightness of stitches.

	HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING
Texture	the surface characteristics of a fabric, which can be seen or felt
Tint	whitened color
Tracing wheel	there are two types of tracing wheels, those with a serrated edge and those with a smooth edge. The serrated edge wheel produces dots on the fabric and is suitable for most types of fabrics. The smooth edge wheel is best for delicate fabrics and unlike the serrated edge will not pierce more delicate fabrics. The smooth edge wheel creates a solid line.
Upper bust	measure around the torso directly above the bust line.
Upholstery	plastic or fabric coverings for furniture , usually more durable than fabric for clothing
Waist	measure around the waist.
Warp yarn	lengthwise (up-and-down) yarn or thread in a woven fabric
Wax chalk	this is available in black or white and is used for woolen fabrics. Wax can be removed by pressing.
Weaving	process of forming a fabric on a loom by interlacing the warp and the filling (crosswise) yarns with each other
Width	measurement taken at the shortest dimension of the object to measure
Yardstick	a graduated measuring stick one yard in length.
Yarn	a continuous strand of twisted threads of natural or synthetic material, such as wool or nylon, used in weaving or knitting

Sample: TLE_HEDM9-12TR-IIIa-h-9

LEGEN	D	SAMPLE	
First Entry	Learning Area and Strand/ Subject or Specialization	Technology and Livelihood Education_Home Economics Dressmaking	TLE_HE DM
riist Liid y	Grade Level	Grade 9/10/11/12	9-12
Uppercase Letter/s	Domain/Content/ Component/ Topic	Produce Ladies' Trousers	TR
			-
Roman Numeral *Zero if no specific quarter	Quarter	First Quarter	ш
*Put a hyphen (-) in between letters to indicate more than a specific week	Week	Week Eleven	a-h
			-
Arabic Number	Competency	Draft and cut pattern for ladies trousers	9

DOMAIN/ COMPONENT	CODE
Personal Entrepreneurial Competencies	PC
Environment and Market	EM
Use of Sewing Tools	UT
Carry Out Measurements and Calculations	MT
Read and Interpret Product Designs	ID
Perform Basic Maintenance	ВМ
Produce Sleeping Garments	SG
Produce Children's Wear	CW
Produce Ladies' Skirts	SK
Produce Ladies' Blouse	BL
Produce Ladies' Trousers	TR

Technology-Livelihood Education and Technical-Vocational Track specializations may be taken between Grades 9 to 12.

Schools may offer specializations from the four strands as long as the minimum number of hours for each specialization is met.

Please refer to the sample Curriculum Map on the next page for the number of semesters per Home Economics specialization and those that have pre-requisites. Curriculum Maps may be modified according to specializations offered by a school.

JUNIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNOLOGY AND LIVELIHOOD EDUCATION AND SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL TECHNICAL-VOCATIONAL LIVELIHOOD TRACK HOME ECONOMICS - DRESSMAKING

SAMPLE HOME ECONOMICS CURRICULUM MAP

No.	Grade 7/8	Grade 9	Grade 10	Grade 11	Grade 12
2		*Beauty/Nail Care (NC II)	Wellness Massage (NC II)	Hairdressing	
3		2 sems	2 sems		4 sems
4			*Caregiv	ring (NC II)	8 sems
5 6		*Dressmak	ing (NC II) 4 sems	Tailorin	g (NC II) 4 sems
7 8 9		*Front Office Services (NC II)	: Travel Services (NC II)	Local Guiding Services (NC II)	Tourism Promotion Services (NC II)
10		2 sems	2 sems	2 sems	2 sems
11 12 13	EXPLORATORY	*Cookei	y (NC II) 4 sems	Bread and Pastry Production (NC II) 2 sems	Food and Beverage Services (NC II) 2 sems
14 15 16		Housekeeping (NC II) 2 sems	Attractions and Theme Parks (NC II) 2 sems		
17 18 19		Handicraft (Non-NC) Needlecraft	Handicraft (Non-NC) Fashion Accessories,	Handicraft (Non-NC) Basketry, Macrame	Handicraft (Non- NC) Woodcraft, Leathercraft
20	4 sems	2 sems	Paper Craft 2 sems	2 sems	2 sems

^{*} Students cannot take a specialization if they have not taken 40 hours of the subject in Grades 7 or 8