



What Is This Module About?

Do you believe in God? How do you worship or praise God? What is your religion? Are you a Roman Catholic, a Muslim, a Protestant or an Iglesia Ni Cristo? Have you ever wondered why we have different religions? What are the differences and similarities between these different religions?

Do you know somebody (a friend or a relative) who belongs to another religion? How different is his/her belief from yours? Do you respect his/her beliefs?

In this module, you will learn about the major religions in the Philippines. It aims to help you to understand and show respect for other people's religious beliefs.

This module is divided into two lessons:

Lesson 1 – *Major Religions in the Philippines*

Lesson 2 – *Respect Other People's Religious Beliefs*



What Will You Learn From This Module

After studying this module, you should be able to:

- ◆ identify some of the major religions in the Philippines; and
- ◆ show respect for the different religions.



Let's See What You Already Know

Before you start studying this module, take this test to find out how much you already know about our topic.

A. Encircle the letter of the best answer.

1. Most members of this religion believe that God the Father, Jesus Christ and the Holy Spirit are one.
 - a. Christianity
 - b. Islam
 - c. Judaism

2. This religion is the second largest religion in the world.
 - a. Roman Catholicism
 - b. Islam
 - c. Iglesia Ni Cristo

3. A _____ is an expression of a person's belief in a Supreme Being.
 - a. religion
 - b. religious conflict
 - c. holy book

4. This religion is the largest religion that originated in the Philippines.
 - a. Iglesia Ni Cristo
 - b. Seventh-day Adventist
 - c. Roman Catholic

5. The holy book of Christians is called _____
 - a. Bible
 - b. Qur'an
 - c. Five Pillars of Islam

6. The Protestant sect was formed during the period of _____
 - a. Renaissance
 - b. Reformation
 - c. stone age

7. The holy book of Islam is called _____
 - a. Qur'an
 - b. Bible
 - c. Shahadah

Well, how was it? Do you think you fared well? Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on page 33.

If you got all the answers right, very good! This means that you already know a lot about our topic. You may still study this module to add to what you already know.

If you missed some numbers, don't worry. This module is for you. Study this module and you will learn all the answers to the questions and a lot more.

You may now go to the next page for Lesson 1.

Major Religions in the Philippines

There are many religions in our country. Are you familiar with them? These religions have their own sets of beliefs and teachings.

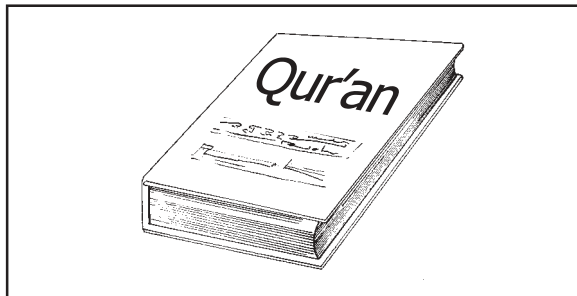
In this lesson, you will learn about these different religious beliefs and teachings. You will also discover that some religions are similar in some ways.



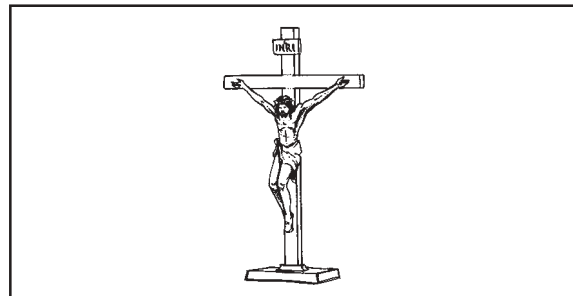
Let's Try This

How much do you know of your and other religions? Let's find out.

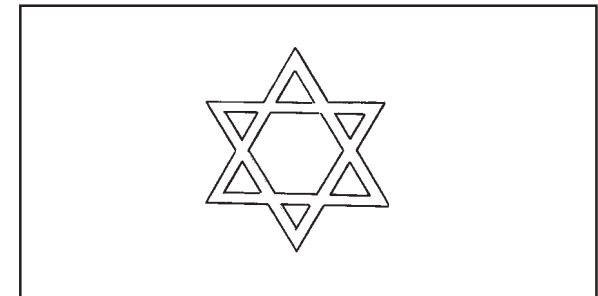
Study the pictures carefully. Are you familiar with the following symbols and sacred objects? What major religion is represented by each of them? Write **C** if it belongs to the Christians, **I** if it is from Islam or Muslims and **O** for other religions such as Buddhism, Hinduism, Judaism etc.



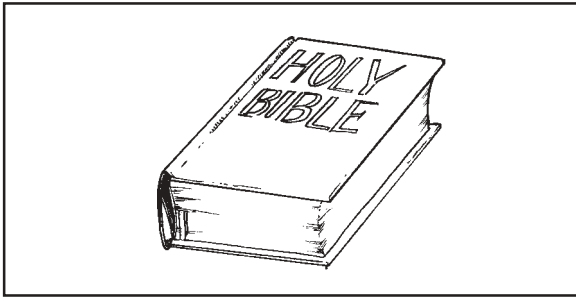
1. _____



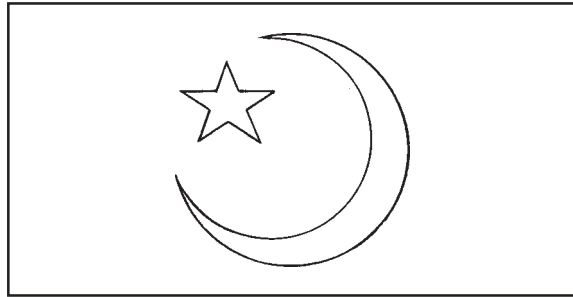
2. _____



3. _____



4. _____



5. _____



6. _____

Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on pages 33–34.

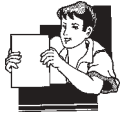


Let's Think About This

Did you have a hard time identifying the symbols and objects? Which are the ones used by your religion?

What is your religion? What are the beliefs and teachings of your religion? Are you familiar with the beliefs and teachings of other religions?

Discuss your answers with your co-learners and Instructional Manager.



Let's Learn

What is a religion? A religion is an expression of a person's belief in a Supreme Being (God). What are the religions of Filipinos? Filipinos are mostly Christians. The Philippines is known as the only Christian nation in Asia. But there are other religions in our country. The different religions are distributed as follows:

Roman Catholic – 83%

Protestant – 9%

Muslim – 5%

Buddhist and others – 3%

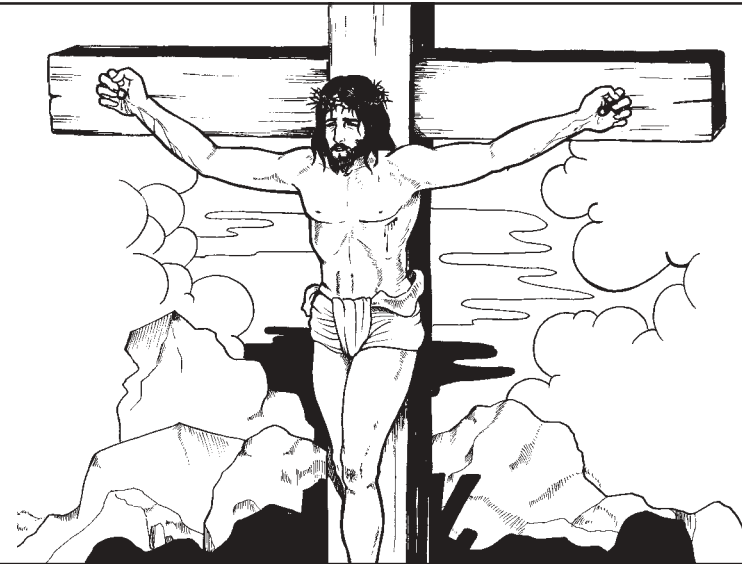
Would you like to know the beliefs and teachings of the different religions in the Philippines? Read the comic strip below to find out.



Let's Read



I am a **Christian**. Christianity is based on the teachings of Jesus Christ. We, Christians, believe that Jesus Christ is both man and the Son of God.



Christians have a holy book, the **Bible**. It has two parts. The Old Testament consists of the sacred (holy) writings of the Jewish people. It was written before the time of Jesus.



The New Testament includes the Gospels, which means "good news." This contains stories about the life and wisdom of Jesus.

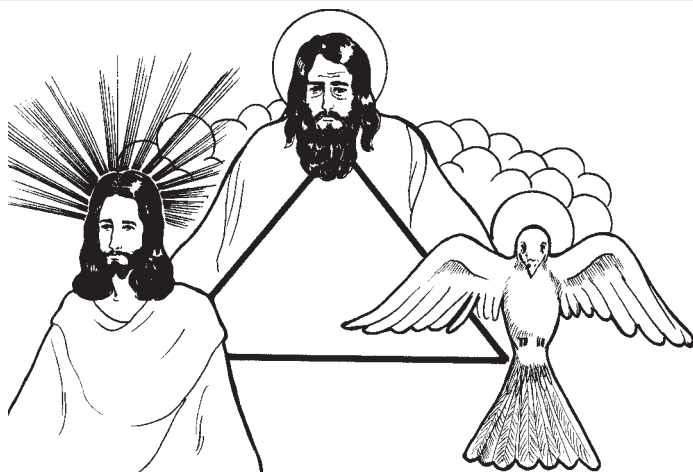
Christianity is divided into many sects or groups. The largest among them is **Roman Catholic**. I am a Roman Catholic. The head of the Catholic church is the Pope. We are called Roman Catholics because the Pope has lived in Rome for almost five hundred years.



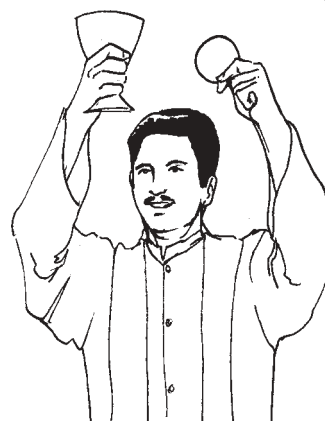
Do you know who the present Pope is? If you say Pope John Paul II, then you are correct.



As a Catholic, I believe in the Holy Trinity - that the Father, the Son (Jesus Christ) and the Holy Spirit are one.



Our religious service is called mass. The person who says the **mass** is called a **priest**. During communion (a part of the mass), we receive the "Holy Eucharist" which represents the blood and body of Jesus Christ.



We, Catholics, help the church by giving money before, during or after mass. This money is used to support the activities of the church. Part of it goes to help the poor.



We are also encouraged by our church to give to charity. In our country, we have a charitable organization run by the Catholic church to help the less fortunate. It is called **CARTAS**. This a latin word meaning charity or Christian love.



Let's Try This

Before you continue reading the comic strip, answer this: Do you know what are sacred religious events in the life of a Catholic? Write them below.

Compare your answers with this:

Catholics practice the sacred religious events known as **sacraments**. These include the following:

1. Baptism (A Catholic joins the church. This is done after birth.)
2. Communion (A catholic receives the Holy Eucharist.)

3. Confirmation (A catholic confirms or establishes his/her faith.)
4. Confession (A catholic confesses his/her sins.)
5. Holy Orders (A Catholic becomes a priest or nun.)
6. Matrimony (A Catholic marries.)
7. Anointing of the Sick (A Catholic is sick. The priest rubs oil on his/her forehead and prays for him/her to make him/her recover from the illness.)

What are the other sects under Christianity? Continue reading the comic strip to find out.

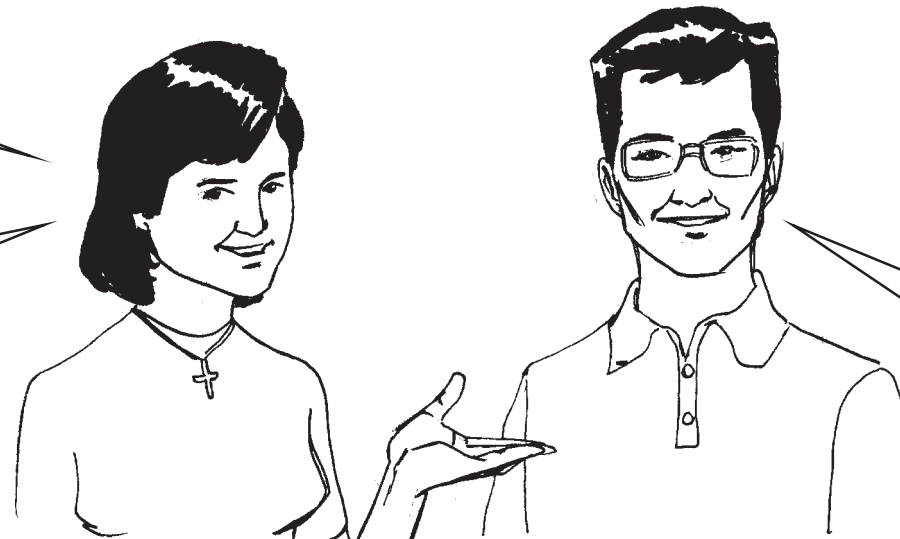


Let's Read

The other sects under Christianity include Protestant, Iglesia Ni Cristo and others.

This is George. He is a Protestant.

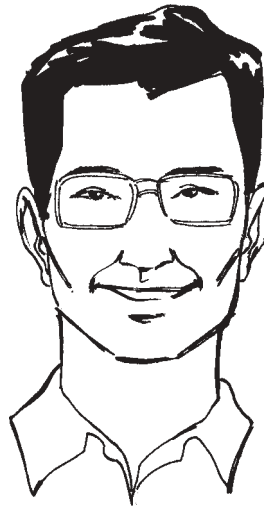
George, tell me about the Protestant religion. How did it start?



The Protestant religion started during the Reformation European leaders protested the teachings of the Pope then.

The Protestants are divided into sects or groups. Some of them are the following:

- ◆ Seventh-Day Adventist
- ◆ Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints (Mormon)
- ◆ Lutheran Church
- ◆ Presbyterian Church
- ◆ Baptist
- ◆ Episcopal Church
- ◆ Methodist



By the way, I'm a Seventh-day Adventist.

We, Seventh-day Adventists, believe in the second coming of Christ. We also believe that Saturday, the Sabbath Day is a holy day. It should be spent for rest and to give thanks to God. During this day, we have a religious service in our church.

Just like the Catholics, Protestants also believe in the Holy Trinity. We also consider the Bible as a holy book. We go to a service in a Church. It is led by a minister, priest or pastor. These are just the names that we call a person who conducts a service. They all mean the same thing.



Some of the Protestant sects have women priests. They also perform the same work as those done by male priests.



Let's Think About This

Compare the Roman Catholics and Protestants. How are they different and similar to each other? Think hard about your answer, and then compare it with mine below.

Here is my answer:

The Roman Catholics and Protestants are similar in some beliefs:

- ◆ They both believe in the Holy Trinity, that the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
- ◆ They both believe in the teachings of Jesus Christ as written in the Bible.
- ◆ The Catholics hear mass in a church. A priest says the mass.
- ◆ The Protestants go to a religious service led by a pastor or minister. Protestants have women pastors who are allowed to lead a religious service. In the Catholic Church, only men are allowed to become priests.

Do you know of other similarities or differences between the two religions? Discuss your answer with your co-learners and Instructional Manager.

Another Christian sect or group is the Iglesia Ni Cristo. Continue reading the comic strip to find out more about this religious group.



Let's Read

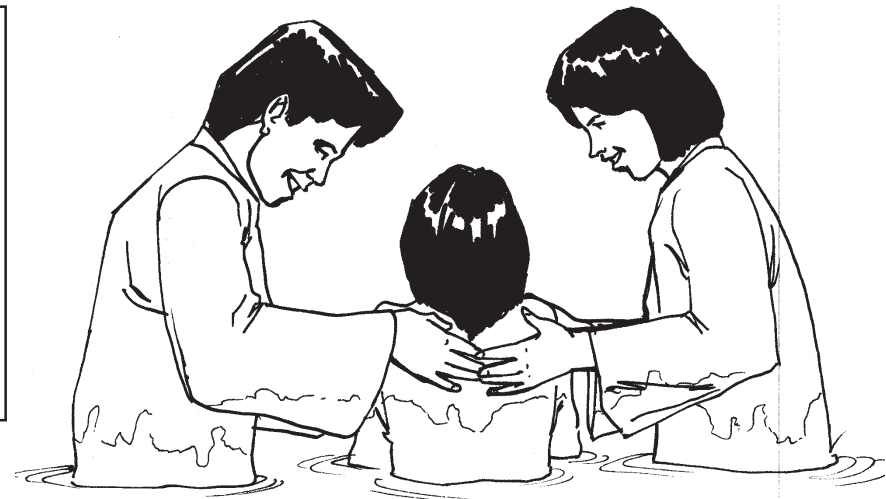
This is my close friend, Lailani. She is a member of the **Iglesia Ni Cristo**. Lailani, tell us more about your religion.



The Iglesia ni Cristo (INC) is the largest religion that originated in the Philippines. It was founded by Felix Manalo on July 27, 1914. The INC believes in Jesus Christ as the mediator (go-between) of God and man. He is the Savior and the head of Iglesia Ni Cristo. We do not believe in the Holy Trinity. For us, Jesus Christ is a man, but a man placed above all things and all men.



To become a member of the Iglesia Ni Cristo, one must study the teachings of the church. He/she must be baptized. Baptism in the Iglesia comes when a person becomes an adult. Unlike in the Roman Catholic Church where babies are baptized. Baptism is done to purify one's self. Worship is called *pagsamba* and is led by a male minister.





Let's Review

Compare the three Christian groups by putting a (4) check mark if they practice the belief or teaching expressed in the left column. Put a (8) mark if they do not.

	Roman Catholic
1. Belief in Jesus Christ and his teachings.	
2. The Bible is considered a holy book.	
3. Belief in the Holy Trinity.	
4. Female priests	
5. Have religious services.	

Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on page 34.



Let's Study and Analyze

Study the pictures carefully. Identify what is shown in these pictures. Choose your answer from the list of words below and write it on the blank space provided.

Hajj

Mosque

Salat



4. _____



5. _____



6. _____

Compare your answers with our next discussion.

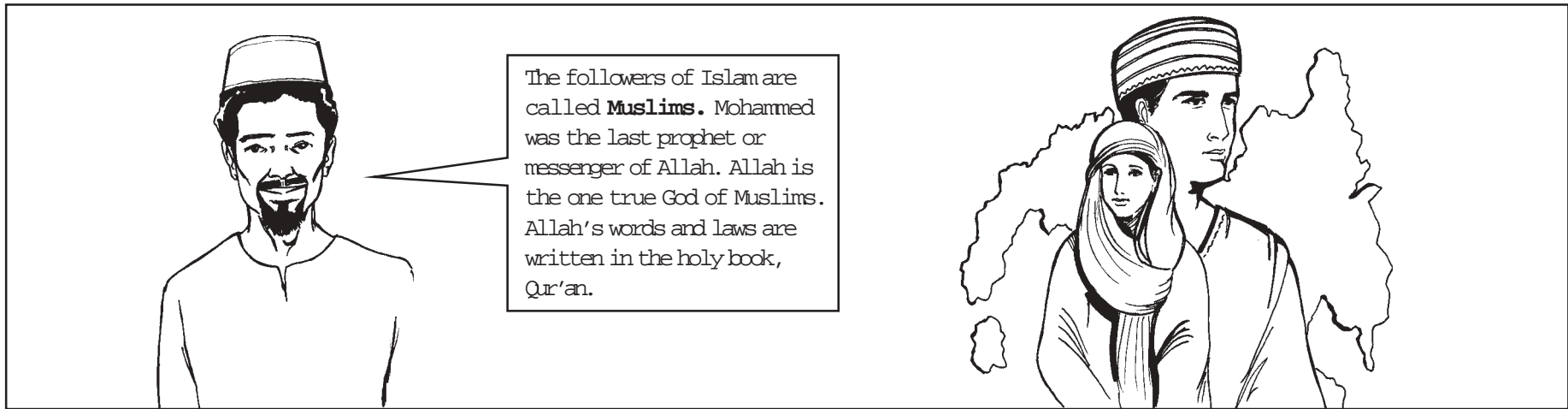
What were the practices shown in the picture? Who practice them? Continue reading the comic strip below.



Let's Read

This is my friend, Abdullah. He is a Muslim. He will tell you all about Islam.

Islam is the second largest religion in the world. It was founded by the prophet, Mohammed. But most Muslims believe that Islam began even before Mohammed was born.

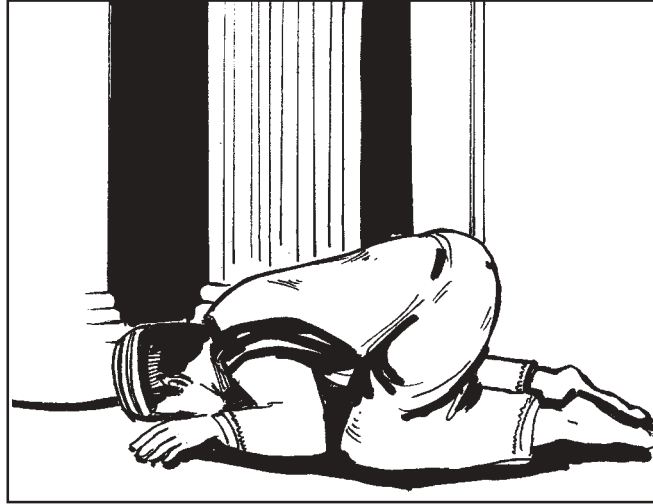


A Muslim has duties to perform. These duties are called Five Pillars of Islam. These are:

1. Reciting the **shahadah**. The shahadah is a Muslim's statement of belief.



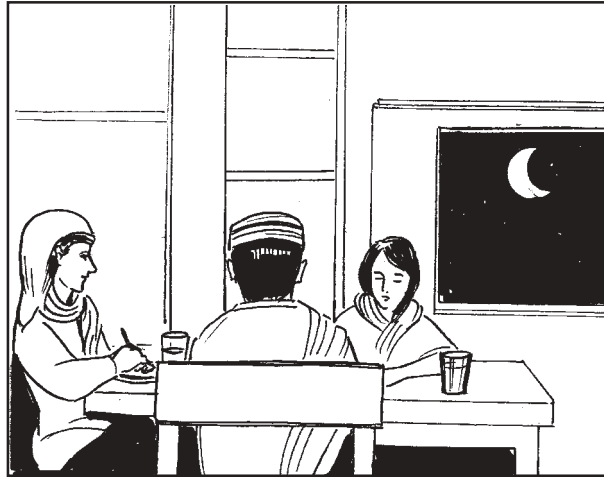
2. Doing the **salat** five times a day. When praying, a Muslim faces Mecca. Mecca is holy to the Muslims. It is the place where Mohammed was born. Muslims go to Mecca on a pilgrimage. A pilgrimage is a journey to a holy place.



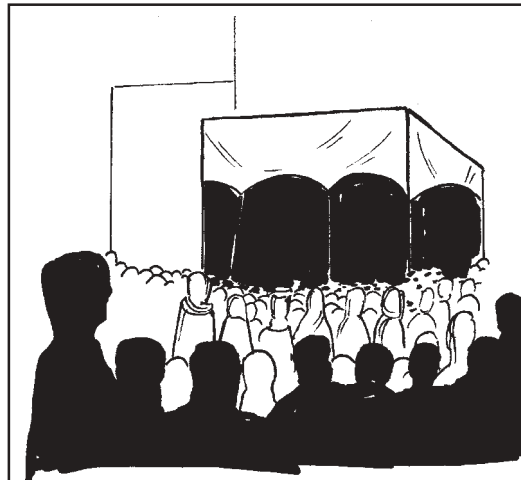
3. A Muslim should give regularly to charity through the **zakat**. This is equivalent to 2.5% of a Muslim's salary.

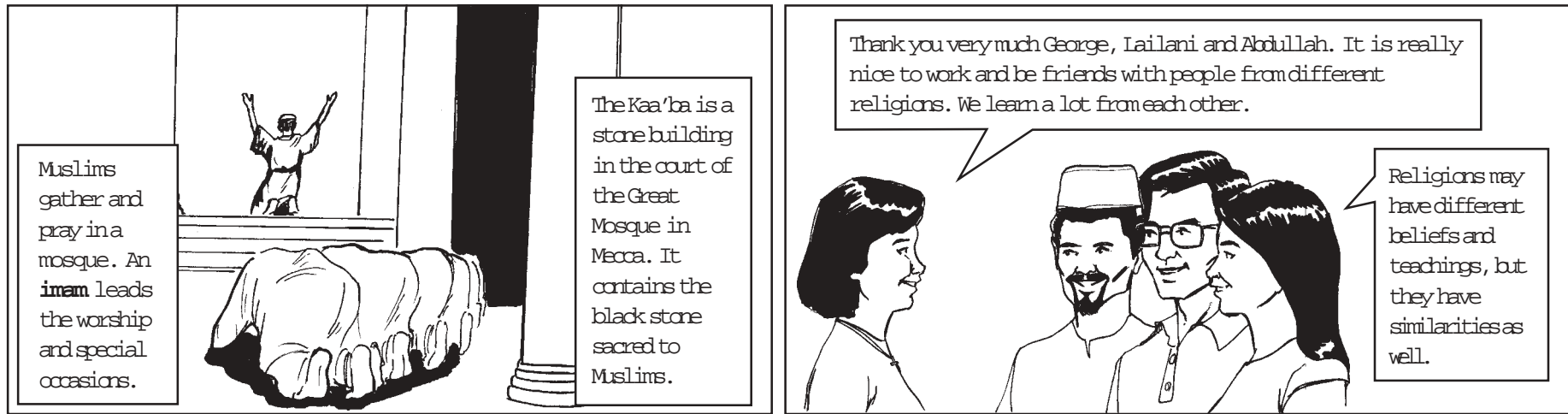


4. A Muslim should fast during the month of **Ramadan**. During this month, a Muslim should not eat nor drink during daytime. Muslims believe that it was during this month that Mohammed received the first revelation of the Qur'an from God.



5. A Muslim should make at least one **hajj** or journey to the **Kaa'ba** in Mecca. This means that a Muslim, should go on a pilgrimage to Mecca if he/she can afford it.





Let's Review

Write **T** if the statement is correct and **F** if it is false.

- ____ 1. The followers of Islam are called Muslims.
- ____ 2. The journey to the Kaa'ba is called Ramadan.
- ____ 3. Muslims call their God Allah.
- ____ 4. A Muslim should donate to charity through salat.
- ____ 5. The shahadah is a statement of the Muslim's belief in Allah.

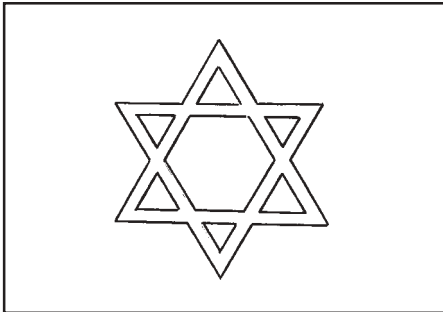
Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on page 34.



Let's Talk About This

Are there other religions that you know of that were not mentioned in the discussions? What are these religions? What are their beliefs and teachings? Write them below.

Compare your answers with mine. Discuss this with your co-learners and Instructional Manager.



1. Judaism – This is the oldest religion in the western part of the world. The followers of this religion are the Jews. The Hebrews were their ancestors. The Hebrews believed they had a special relationship with God. They also believed that they were the chosen people. The Torah is their holy book. It is also holy to Christians because it is included in the Old Testament. The Talmud, another holy book, is a collection of laws and customs of the Jews.



2. Buddhism- This was founded by Buddha, Siddhartha Gautama. At the age of 29, he left his wife, children and political activities in order to seek the truth. A collection of his teachings was written and called the *Tripitaka*. Buddhists believe in reincarnation. This means living and dying over and over again until one achieves *Nirvana* or the perfect state.

3. Hinduism – This is the third largest religion in the world. The followers of this religion worship many gods and goddesses. But they recognize one supreme God, Brahman. Brahman is seen as having three personalities: Brahma, the Creator; Vishnu, the Preserver and Siva, the Destroyer.



Let's See What You Have Learned

Write the letter of the answer that matches each number on the blank before each number.

- _____ 1. The Muslim's holy book.
- _____ 2. A Christian religion that was founded by European leaders during the period of Reformation.
- _____ 3. The leader of worship in a mosque.
- _____ 4. The person who says mass in a Catholic Church.
- _____ 5. The center of Christian belief. He is considered the Son of God.
- _____ 6. A Protestant sect that believes in the second coming of Christ and the sacredness of the Sabbath Day.
- _____ 7. The church founded by Felix Manalo in the Philippines.
- _____ 8. Christian teaching that the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
- _____ 9. The main prophet (messenger of God) of Islam.
- _____ 10. The head of the Catholic Church.

- | |
|--------------------------|
| a. Jesus Christ |
| b. Imam |
| c. Pope |
| d. Mohammed |
| e. Qur'an |
| f. Seventh-Day Adventist |
| g. Iglesia Ni Cristo |
| h. Holy Trinity |
| i. Protestant |
| j. Priest |

Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on pages 35–36.

How did you do? Did you get all the answers right? If you did, very good! If not, go back to the parts of this lesson that you did not understand.



Let's Remember

In this lesson, you learned the following:

- ◆ A religion is an expression of a person's belief in a Supreme Being.
- ◆ Most Filipinos are Christians but there are other religions in the Philippines. These have their own set of beliefs and teachings.
- ◆ The largest religious group in the Philippines is the Christians. The Christians believe in the teachings of Jesus Christ.
- ◆ Most of the Christians believe that:
 - God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
 - The Bible is a Holy Book that contains the right Christian beliefs and teachings. It is made up of two parts –the Old Testament and the New Testament.
- ◆ Christianity in our country is divided into major sects or groups. These are:
 - Roman Catholics whose head of the Church is the Pope.
 - Protestants who do not consider themselves under the Pope. Their church was formed when European leaders protested the teachings of the Pope during the period of *Reformation*. They are divided into sects, some of which are Lutheran, Presbyterian, Methodist, Baptist, Episcopal, Seventh-day Adventist and others.
 - Iglesia Ni Cristo – the largest religion that originated in the Philippines.

- ◆ Islam is the religion founded by Mohammed. But most Muslims believe that it started even before Mohammed.
- ◆ Muslims believe that:
 - Mohammed is the prophet or messenger of Allah.
 - Allah is the One True God.
 - Allah's words and laws are written in the holy book Qur'an
- ◆ A Muslim's duties are described in the Five Pillars of Islam. These are the following:
 - To recite the **shahadah** which is a Muslim's statement of belief in Allah.
 - To perform the **salat** or pray five times a day facing Mecca.
 - To give to charity or **zakat**.
 - To fast during the month of **Ramadan**.
 - To make at least one **hajj** to Mecca.

Respect Other People's Religious Beliefs

Was there ever a time when you felt you had to fight for your religious beliefs? What did you do? Did you need to fight to defend your belief? Are you aware of wars that arise from differences in religious beliefs? Is fighting really the solution to settling differences in religious beliefs?

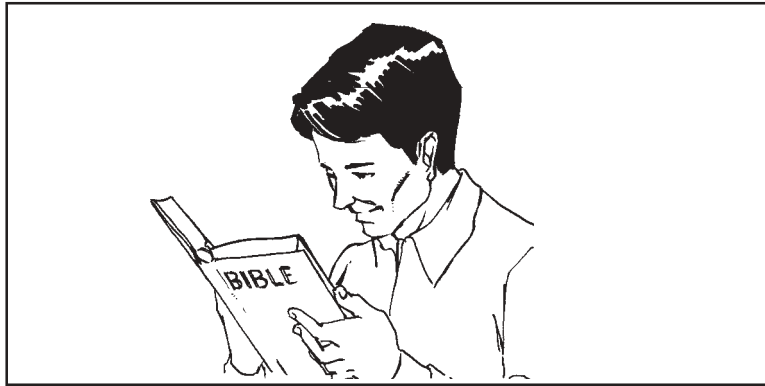
In Mindanao alone, we can see the bad effects of the conflicts between Muslims and Christians. Lots of lives and properties have been lost because of these.

In this lesson, you will learn how to deal with differences in religious beliefs through peaceful means. This is by understanding and respecting other people's religious beliefs. This way, you can live harmoniously and peacefully with your fellow Filipinos.



Let's Study and Analyze

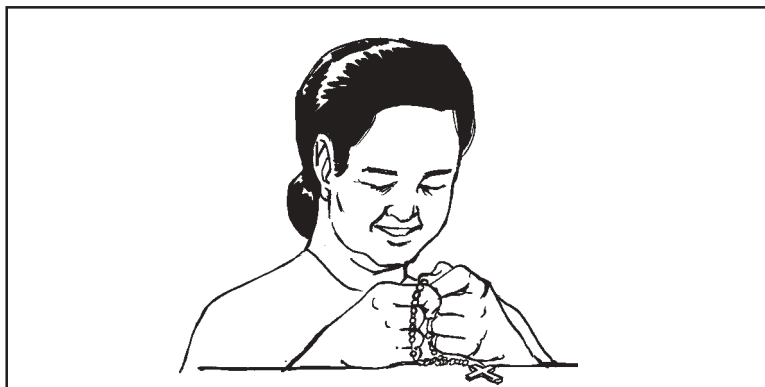
Study the pictures below. Identify the religions of the people in the picture as shown by their religious beliefs and practices.



1. _____



2. _____



3. _____



4. _____

Compare your answers with our next activity.



Let's Think About This

The first picture shows a man reading the Bible, the holy book of Christians. If you were not a Christian, would you feel bad if you see someone reading the Bible? Would you try to convince him/her to read the Qur'an instead?

The second picture shows a Muslim woman. Muslims are not allowed to eat pork. This is one of their religious beliefs. If your Muslim friend visited you in your house, would you serve him/her the pork *adobo*? Why?

The third picture shows a lady praying the rosary. Praying the rosary is a religious practice of Roman Catholics. Other Christians don't practice this. If you were a Protestant, would you look down on a Catholic who prays the rosary?

The fourth picture shows two Seventh-day Adventist women enjoying a day in the Park. They are encouraged to enjoy spiritually uplifting activities like this. They are not allowed to enter movie theaters and discos, though. If your co-learner is an Adventist, would you convince him/her to watch a movie with you on a Saturday?

How would you feel if you meet a group of people from a different religion? Would you feel unhappy? Would you try to stop them from expressing their beliefs or performing their religious ceremonies? Did you know that every Filipino has the right to express his/her religious beliefs and practice them?

Think about your answers and discuss them with your co-learners and Instructional Manager.



Let's Read

In Lesson 1, you saw that Rosa and her co-workers have different religions, but they are able to work peacefully and harmoniously. They are even able to make friends with one another. How is this possible? Let's go back to Rosa and her co-workers.

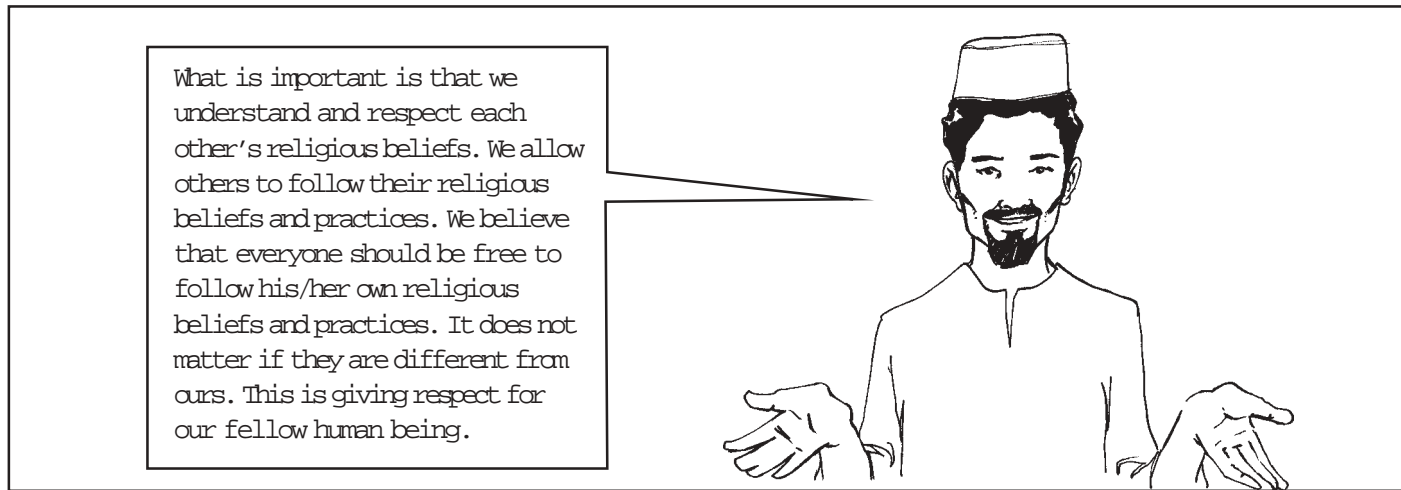
Each of us has a different religion, but we treat each other with respect. This means that no one is above or below anyone.



We believe that our religions are all good. They teach us to worship a supreme God, whatever name we call Him. Whether we call Him, Allah, Yahweh, Jehova, Brahman or simply God does not matter.
(George)

If one feels bad because someone showed disrespect for his/her religious practices, we talk it out peacefully. For example, Rosa didn't know that I'm an Iglesia Ni Cristo follower. She wanted me to pray the rosary with her. I told her in a nice way that I'm from the Iglesia Ni Cristo. She knows that praying the rosary is not a religious practice in our group. So she said, "I'm sorry."





What is important is that we understand and respect each other's religious beliefs. We allow others to follow their religious beliefs and practices. We believe that everyone should be free to follow his/her own religious beliefs and practices. It does not matter if they are different from ours. This is giving respect for our fellow human being.



Let's Talk About This

How are Rosa and her co-workers able to work together peacefully and harmoniously? If your answer is because they understand and respect each other's religious beliefs and practices, you are correct. Rosa and her co-workers also settle conflicts or problems by talking it out peacefully.

Wouldn't it be nice if everyone can learn to live like Rosa and her co-workers? How can we do this? As a start, you can share the lessons with your family members, friends and relatives.



Let's See What You Have Learned

Put a check (✓) mark on the yes column if you agree with the statement and on the no column if you don't.

1. You saw your friend Soraya. She is sitting on her toes in the typical prayer position of Muslims. You are a Christian. You kneel or sit down when you pray. Would you laugh at how your friend prays?

Yes

No

2. You are very eager to watch a movie of your favorite local star. It is a Saturday. No one is around except your Seventh-day Adventist friend. Would you beg her to watch the movie with you?

Yes

No

3. A group of people is preaching about their beliefs. What they are saying is different from the teachings of your church. Would you remain silent and let them express their beliefs?

Yes

No

5. A friend is arguing with you. He is telling you that the teaching of his church is the truth and therefore yours is false. Would you remain calm and talk to him peacefully?

Yes

No

Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on page 35.

If you got all the answers right, very good! This means that you have learned a lot from this lesson. If not, you may read the lesson again and try to understand it better.



Let's Remember

In this module, you learned the following:

- ◆ Everyone has the right to express and enjoy his/her religious beliefs and practices.
- ◆ You can deal with conflicts arising from differences in religious beliefs in a peaceful way.
- ◆ Understanding and respecting other people's religious beliefs and practices promote a peaceful life.
- ◆ Respect other people's religious beliefs even if these are different from yours.



Let's Sum Up

In this module, you learned the following:

- ◆ A religion is an expression of a person's belief in a Supreme Being.
- ◆ There are many religions in the Philippines. These have their own beliefs and teachings, but are similar in some ways.
- ◆ Christianity is a religion based on the teachings of Jesus Christ. He is considered by Christians as the Son of God.
- ◆ The three major sects of Christianity in the Philippines are the Roman Catholics, Protestants and the followers of Iglesia Ni Cristo.
- ◆ The Protestants are divided into sects or groups. Some of these groups are Lutheran, Baptist, Methodist, Episcopalian and Seventh-day Adventist.

- ◆ Most Christians believe that:
 - Jesus Christ is the Savior and the Son of God.
 - the Bible is the Holy Book that contains the right Christian beliefs and practices
 - there is only one supreme God. (Most Christians believe that this one God is represented by three persons: God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit. This belief is called the Holy Trinity.)
- ◆ Islam is the religion founded by Mohammed. Most Muslims believe that Islam began even before Mohammed. Muslims are the followers of Islam. Muslims believe that:
 - Mohammed is the prophet or messenger of Allah.
 - Allah is the One True God.
 - Allah's words and laws are written in the Holy Book called Qur'an.
 - A Muslim's duties are called the Five Pillars of Islam.
- ◆ Respect other people's religious beliefs even if you don't believe them.
- ◆ Everyone has the right to express and enjoy his or her religious beliefs and practices.



What Have You Learned?

Write the letter of the best answer from the box.

- _____ 1. This Christian teaching preaches that God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
- _____ 2. He is the prophet or messenger of Allah.
- _____ 3. During this period, European leaders protested the teachings of the Pope.
- _____ 4. He is the head of the Catholic Church.
- _____ 5. This religion believes in the Second Coming of Christ and in the sacredness of the Sabbath (Saturday) Day.
- _____ 6. This holy book is divided into two – the Old and the New Testaments.
- _____ 7. This describes the Muslims' duties.
- _____ 8. This is the largest religion in the world. It preaches the teachings of Jesus Christ.
- _____ 9. During this month, Muslims do not eat or drink anything at daytime.
- _____ 10. This person says mass in a Catholic church.

- a. Pope
- b. Mohammed
- c. Holy Trinity
- d. Bible
- e. Seventh-day Adventist
- f. Five Pillars of Islam
- g. Christianity
- h. Reformation
- i. Priest
- j. Ramadan

Compare your answers with those in the *Answer Key* on page 36.

How well did you do? If you got a perfect score, congratulations! You may now study the next module.

If your score is 8 or 9, that's good! Review the parts of the module that you do not understand.

However, if your score is 7 or lower, you must review the whole module again to understand it better.



Answer Key

A. Let's See What You Already Know *(pages 2–3)*

1. (a). Most Christians believe in the Holy Trinity – God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one. Islam and Judaism do not believe in this teaching.
2. (b). Islam is the second largest religion in the world. Christianity is the world's largest religion. Iglesia Ni Cristo is the largest religion that originated in the Philippines.
3. (a) Religion is an expression of a person's belief in a Supreme Being.
4. (a). Iglesia Ni Cristo is the largest religion that originated in the Philippines.
5. (a). The Bible is the holy book of Christians. Qur'an is the holy book of Muslims. The Five Pillars of Islam describe the duties that Muslims must fulfill.
6. (b). The Protestant sect was formed during the period of Reformation.
7. (a). The holy book of Islam is called Qur'an.

B. Lesson 1

Let's Try This (pages 4–5)

1. I. Qur'an is the holy book of Islam or Muslims.
2. C. The cross is very important to Christians. It symbolizes a Christian's connection with Jesus.
3. O. The "Star of David" is the most recognized symbol of Judaism. Jewish legend tells that King David went into battle with this symbol on his shield.

4. **B** The Bible is the holy book of Christians.
5. **I.** The crescent and the star (with the color green) are traditional symbols of Islam. You will find these symbols in many Muslim nations. The star represents knowledge and light, and the crescent represents progress.
6. **O.** OM is the most important symbol in Hinduism. It is the symbol at the top of the Sanskrit alphabet. It represents God Almighty.

Let's Review (page 14)

	Roman Catholic
1. Belief in Jesus Christ and his teachings.	✓
2. The Bible is considered a holy book.	✓
3. Belief in the Holy Trinity.	✓
4. Female priests	x
5. Have religious services.	✓

Let's Review (page 19)

1. **T**
2. **F.** The journey to the Kaa'ba is called hajj. The month of Ramadan is when Muslims go on fasting (they do not eat or drink anything at daytime).
3. **T**
4. **F.** A Muslim should give to charity through zakat. This is equivalent to 2.5% of a Muslim's salary.
5. **T**

Let's See What You Have Learned (page 21)

1. **(e).** Qur'an is the Muslim's holy book.
2. **(i).** The Protestant sect was formed during the period of Reformation.
3. **(b).** The leader of worship inside a mosque in the Muslim religion is called Imam.
4. **(j).** In the Roman Catholic Church, the priest says mass.
5. **(a).** Jesus Christ is the center of Christian belief. He is considered the Son of God.
6. **(f).** The Seventh-day Adventist is a Protestant sect that believes in the Second Coming of Christ and the sacredness of the Sabbath Day.
7. **(g).** Felix Manalo founded Iglesia Ni Cristo in the Philippines.
8. **(h).** The Holy Trinity means God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
9. **(d).** Mohammed is the main prophet of Islam.
10. **(c)** The Pope is the head of the Catholic Church.

C. Lesson 2

Let's See What You Have Learned (page 29)

1. **No.** Laughing at other people's religious practices is a sign of disrespect.
2. **No.** Saturday is a holy day for Adventists. They are encouraged to spend this day praising God.
3. **Yes.** Allowing others to enjoy and practice their religious beliefs is a good thing to do.
4. **Yes.** Staying calm and talking it out peacefully is the best way to deal with differences.

D. What Have You Learned? *(page 32)*

1. **(c).** The Holy Trinity is a Christian teaching that preaches – God the Father, the Son and the Holy Spirit are one.
2. **(b).** Mohammed is the prophet or messenger of Allah.
3. **(h).** During the Reformation period, European leaders protested the teachings of the Pope and formed the Protestant Church.
4. **(a).** The Pope is the head of the Roman Catholic Church.
5. **(e).** The Seventh-day Adventist believes in the second coming of Christ and in the sacredness of the Sabbath.
6. **(d).** The Bible is divided into two – the Old and the New Testaments.
7. **(f).** The Five Pillars of Islam describe the duties that Muslims must fulfill.
8. **(g).** Christianity is the largest religion in the world. It preaches the teachings of Jesus Christ.
9. **(j).** During the month of Ramadan, Muslims do not eat nor drink anything at daytime.
10. **(i).** In the Catholic Church, the priest says mass.



Glossary

Worship Giving respect and devotion to a Supreme Being

Sect A religious group adhering to a particular teaching or leader

Holy Eucharist Christian practice of recognizing spiritual communion with God as represented by receiving the host or bread

Matrimony The union of man and woman as husband and wife

Mediator Someone who promotes reconciliation or settlement between two parties

Reincarnation In Hinduism, this is the cycle of dying and being born over and over again until one achieves the perfect state



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