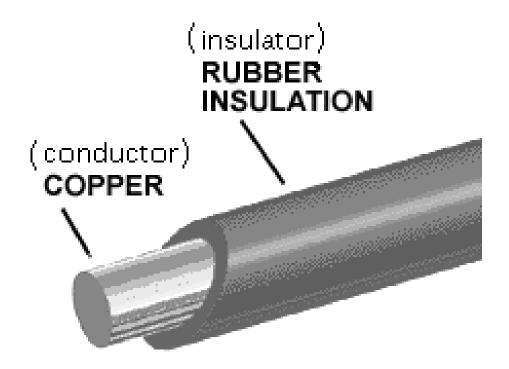




# Science and Health

# CLASSIFYING MATERIALS INTO CONDUCTORS AND INSULATORS











## To the Learner

#### Good day!

In the previous module, you learned about the different parts of an electric circuit. One is the conductor. Now you will know what materials allow electric current to flow and which ones do not allow.



# Let's Learn This

© Classify materials into conductors and insulators.

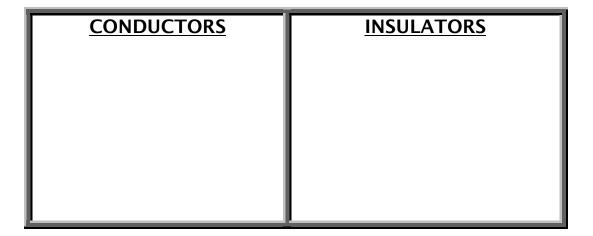


# Let's Try This

Group the following materials under proper heading in the table below.

Aluminum	Silk	Wood		
Rubber	Tin	Plastic		
Silver	Lead	Steel		
Dry papers	Water	Celluloid		
Iron	Brass	Glass		
Nickel		_		

Materials that ALLOW current	Materials that <b>DO NOT</b> allow
to flow	current to flow
1.	1.
2.	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.





# Let's Study This

#### **CONDUCTORS:**

Current electricity flows along a path made of metal. Metals like silver, copper and aluminum wires are good conductors of electricity. The electric wire you used in the activity was made of copper wire. Conductors transport electricity from the source to the load.

#### **INSULATORS:**

An insulator is a safety device used to allow electric charges to flow along the right path only. Although electricity flows along a metal path, it cannot pass through insulators like rubber. The electric wire you used is covered or insulated with rubber or plastic materials. The insulator prevents a short circuit. A short circuit usually happens when current flows along the conductor bypassing the resistor or load.



Do this activity with your teacher.

Problem: What is a conductor?

Materials: 1 glass with salt water labeled A

1 glass with tap water, labeled B

2 wooden skewers, 4 big metal paper clips

2 dry cells, electrical tape

2 small light bulbs

Electrical wire (copper wire)

#### Procedure:

- 1. Secure wire on one end of the dry cell then secure the other end to the light bulb.
- 2. Use another wire and secure one end of it in the same bulb. Then attach another end to the paper clip.
- 3. Secure another wire on the end to the dry cell and attach another end of the wire to another paper clip.
- 4. Hang the two clips on the wooden skewers and hang it across glass A. See to it that the end part of the clips touches the water.
- 5. Do the same with glass B.
- 6. Answer the following questions.

In which glass did the bulb light? Why?

What kind of liquid is the best conductor? Why?



# Multiple choice.

b. insulator

Un

nder	line 1	the letter of the correct ar	nswer				
1.	Mate	aterials through which electricity pass easily are called.					
	a.	insulators		C.	non conductor		
	b.	conductors		d.	metallic		
2.	. Which of the following group of materials are good conductors of electricity?						
	a.	a. Copper, silver, gold, glass and zinc.					
	b.	o. Iron, copper, silver, gold and nickel.					
	С.	. Wood, paper, leather cloth and plastic.					
	d.	Gold, paper, leather clot	h and	d pla	stic.		
3.	Which of the following groups are insulators.						
	a. b. c. d.	Leather, book, paper, pla Silver, gold, nickel, iron. Nylon cord, cotton cord, Glass, zinc, copper, gold	wire				
4.	Mate	Materials that do not transmit electricity and heat are called?					
	a.	conductor	C.	iron			

d. wire



#### Let's Remember This

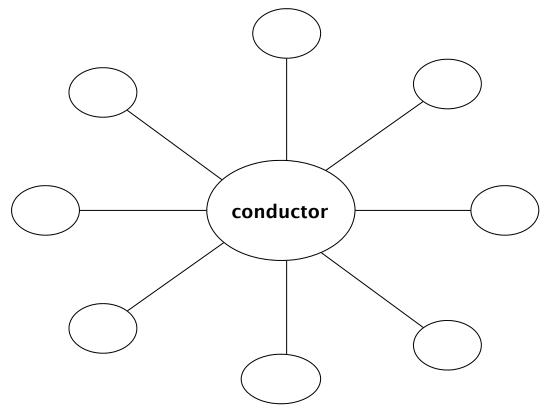
What is the difference between *conductors* and *insulators*.

<u>Conductors</u> are materials that transmit electricity and heat while <u>Insulators</u> are materials that do not transmit electricity and heat.

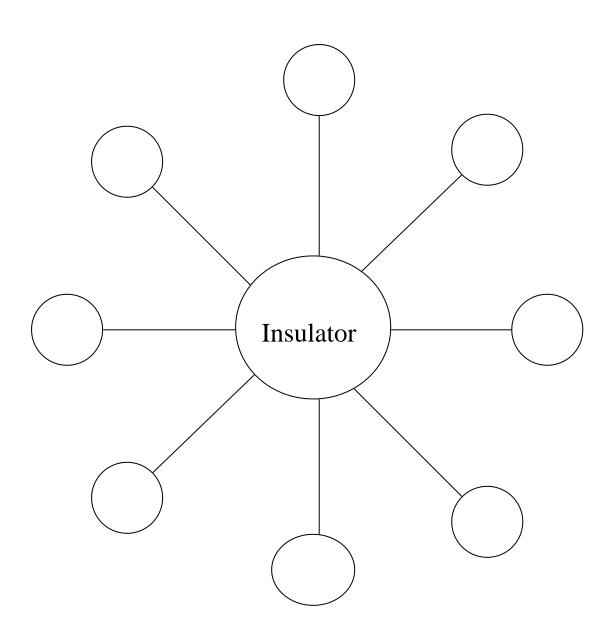


## Let's Test Ourselves

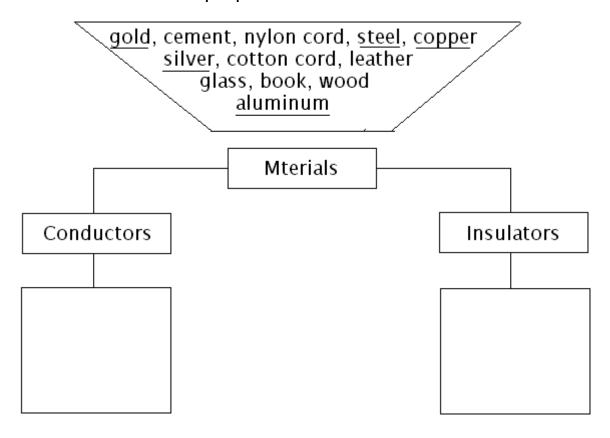
A. Complete the concept web by writing an example of conductor in the circle.



**B.** Complete the concept web by writing an example of insulator in circle.



**C.** Classify the following materials accordingly. Write them under its proper column.



Check your answer with the answer key, if you got high score congratulations it means you understood our lesson and you are now ready for the next module.

My score

# **Science Fact File**

That Alessandro Volta invented the first battery in 1800. This device gave the world its first continuous reliable source of electric current.



# Answer Key

# Let's Try This

Materials that <b>ALLOW</b> electricity to flow		Materials that <b>DO NOT</b> allow electricity to flow		
Aluminum	Tin	Rubber		
Lead	Celluloid	Wood		
Silver	Steel	Dry paper		
Iron	Brass	Glass		
Nickel	Water	Plastic		

#### Let's Do More

1. B 2. B

3. A

4. B

#### **Let's Test Ourselves**

A and B  $\rightarrow$  Answers vary

C.

#### **Conductors**

Gold, steel, copper, silver, aluminum

#### <u>Insulators</u>

Nylon cord, dry paper,
Glass, book,
wood cotton cord,
leather, cement