Module 3 Being a Discerning Asian and Global Citizen

Overvíew

There are more than 160 countries in the world, varying in population count from a few hundred to hundreds of millions of people. Each country is unique with its own customs and traditions. The language spoken by its people may differ from that of its neighboring countries. It is often the case that in a large country such as China, several language or dialects are spoken by various ethnic groups living in that country.

The activities found in this module will help you understand the individual characteristics that combine to give a country its own unique identity. These characteristics make a country different from all other countries. Included in that uniqueness are the following: the type of government, the languages spoken by the people, the religion and belief system followed by the majority, their ancestral background, the type of currency and the customs, traditions, music, dance and special celebrations cherished by those who live there. It is the sum total of all these characteristics that make a country what it is. Learning about each other will help us to better understand and appreciate the differences that do exist.

Objectives

After working on the activities in this module, you will be able to:

- 1. Use context clues to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words.
- 2. Discover through literature the links between one's life and the lives of the people throughout the world.
- 3. Accept and appreciate the differences between people of different cultures.
- 4. Show cultural empathy and respect for human diversity and universal human rights.
- 5. Guess the meaning of idiomatic expressions by noting keywords in sentences.
- 6. Describe people, place and things using adjectives.
- 7. Write descriptions that use concrete sensory details to create a unified impression of people, places, things, or events.

Instructions

- 1. Do not write anything on this module as several students will be using it. Do all your work in your notebook. Be sure to label your work by the module number and title. Keep a separate notebook for your Reflective Journal.
- 2. Read each section carefully. If you have not read the first two sections, go over them first.
- 3. Each module begins with a brief introduction or **Overview** followed by a list of **Objectives** you are expected to learn.
- 4. Before working on the activities, answer the **Pretest** first. Find out how well you did by checking your answer against the answers given under the **Self-Check** of the pretest.
- 5. As you work on the activities, try to relate them to the objectives of this module. What skill or strategy does the activity develop?
- 6. After each activity go over the **Self-Check** that follows to find out how well you fared in that activity. Pay attention to the items you missed. Learn from your mistakes.
- 7. After working on all the activities take the Posttest.

Now take the pretest. Please do your best.



I. Vocabulary. Recognizing Compound words

Match a word in column 1 with a word in column 2 to form a compound noun.

Column 1	Column 2
1. land	man
2. back	makers
3. grand	fill
4. merry	bone
5. herds	father

II. Adjectives

Complete each sentence by adding a suffix to the word in parenthesis. Choose from the list below in the box.

-ic, -ly, -y, -ful, -ious, -ed, -d

- 6. Don Bosco, the ______ friend of young boys had such a great influence on them. (hero)
- 7-8. One cold ______ night, I watched an _____woman get off the bus. (rain, elder)
- 9. There was a _____ young man on the bus and nobody offered him a seat. (cripple)
- 10. I consider my mother as the most ______ woman in the world. (beauty)
- 11. She wants to own a _____ home. (luxury)

III. Idioms

Fill in the blank with the correct preposition.

out up for over

- 12. Mario tried to make _____ for lost time by doing extra work .
- 13. Lucy went to David's Salon for a make ______.
- 14. Can you read this word? I can't make ______ his handwriting.
- 15. Lany played the role of Ophelia. She was made ______ the part.

IV. Reading Comprehension

Read the passage carefully and answer the question that follows.

Carmen has just finished supper. The rest of the evening is all planned. She simply has to study for a very important test, her worst subject. Passing or failing for the year depends on doing well on tomorrow's test. Then it hits her: Tonight's the night for the final round of Star in a Million that's been advertised all week. She really wants to watch it.

As Carla is struggling to decide what to do, the phone rings. It's Mely, her best friend. Mely wants to know if Carla can come over and study with her. Mely also has a new CD they can listen to. Carla knows if she goes to Mely's house she'd never be able to study very well. But she doesn't want to let Mely down. So Carla stalls, telling Mely she'll call right back after she tells her parents. Carla hangs up and sits there, trying to decide what to do.

Just then her favorite aunt, Maria, stops by, Aunt Maria explains that she won't be able to make it next week to Carla's birthday party. She wants to take Carla to the Midnight sale so they can pick out Carla's gift and then go out for ice cream.

Suddenly, Carla's life is very complicated. She has too many choices.

16 – 18 In the first column, write down each choice Carla has, in the second column write what the results of each might be.

Carla's Choices Po

Possible Results

16. 17.

18.

19-20 What is the morally right choice for Carla to make? Why?



I. Voc	abulary 1. c	2. d	3. e	4. b	5. a
II. Ad	jectives 6. heroic 7. rainy	2	 beautiful luxurious 		
III. Id	lioms 12. up	13. over	14. out	15. for	

IV. Reading Comprehension

Carla's Choice	Possible Results
16. study alone	she will pass the test
17. study with Mely	she might fail the exam
18. Go out with her Aunt	she might fail the test
19-20 She would study at home.	Her chances of getting a good grade is better.

Your Score:



20 Perfect. Congratulations!		
16 – 19 Very Good	6 – 10	Fair
111 5 Good job	1 - 5	Try Harder

Developíng Your Vocabulary

Pair or group of words may cause confusion because they sound exactly alike or almost alike, but are spelled and used differently.

Study the following easily confused words and then choose the word that fits each sentence.

1. accept : receive except : all but

We will never achieve peace unless we learn to ______ differences.

2. to : a preposition too: in addition two: the number

An Arabian dromedary has one hump while a Bactrian camel has _____ humps.

3. desert : a dry, arid land dessert : the final course of a meal.

The caravan was crossing the ______ in the direction of the oasis at Ben Lor.

4. wonder : to be curious wander : to roam, to travel

The children looked up with ______ at the stars in the sky.

5. consul : foreign representative counsel : give advice council : elected officials

The two boys listened to the _____ of Safal.



1. accept 2. two 3. desert 4. wonder 5. counsel

Reading Adventure



Write down the name of each group listed below. After the name of each group, write down the first word or phrase you think of that describes that group.

African	Visayans
Whites	African Americans
Elderly	Chinese
Teen-agers	Punks
Ilocanos	Rock Stars

Put your notebook aside. We'll come back to it later.

Think about how you might react to someone who is very different from you – one who dresses differently, talks differently and seems to have completely different interests from yours. How do you respond at first and then later on?

While Reading



As you read, predict how the characters in the selection will behave as the story unfolds.







Before moving on to the next activity, spend some time reflecting on what you have learned from the selection. Use this format to respond to the selection.

Reader Response

Schoo	l:	
to disc	Choose one of the following questions uss in your journal.	
	Why is it important to learn about the customs and behaviors of others cultures? Why isn't it enough to simply learn other people's languages?	
4	What are some ways of learning about cultural differences? Which of these ways is most interesting for you?	



As you read the selection, you predicted how the characters might behave. Which characters acted as you expected they would? Which of their problems were predictable?

Take a moment to write your thoughts to the following in your notebook.

• What have I learned from this selection about how characters respond to conflict.

Comprehension Check

I. True or False

Write T if the statement is True, F if the statement is false.

- 1. Safal is a wise man who lives in the desert.
- 2. The camels differed from each other at the beginning of the story.
- 3. Safal's visitors belonged to different races.
- 4. Men could learn from nature.
- 5. Some cultures are more superior than other cultures.
- 6. Differences are not defects.
- 7. In an argument one is right and the other is wrong.
- 8. Lack of knowledge about other cultures is the root of misunderstanding.
- 9. Variety is the spice of life.
- 10. We should not mingle with people from other cultures.

II. Overcoming Prejudice

Now is a good time to take out the list you wrote at the beginning of this lesson. Sometimes, the first thought or idea that comes to mind when thinking of a particular group of people reflects a kind of prejudice toward that group.

- 1. Review the words and phrases you listed after each group. Circle any that might reflect a possible prejudice an opinion or attitude you have that you can't back up with facts or that you can't apply to everyone in that group. These can be positive or negative prejudices.
- 2. Where did you learn the opinion reflected in the words and phrases you circled?
- 3. What are some ways today can help create a harmonious and peaceful world?



True or False

1. T	3. T	5. F	7. F	9. T
2. T	4. T	6. T	8. T	10. F



Language Focus

Quick! What's the first thing that comes to our mind when you see or hear these words: big, brown, handsome, pretty, wonderful, lucky/

You bet, they're ADJECTIVES. This section of the module will help you describe persons, places, objects and events vividly.

Liza and Vicky are friends. Liza has new pictures of her family. Read the conversation between Liza and Vicky.

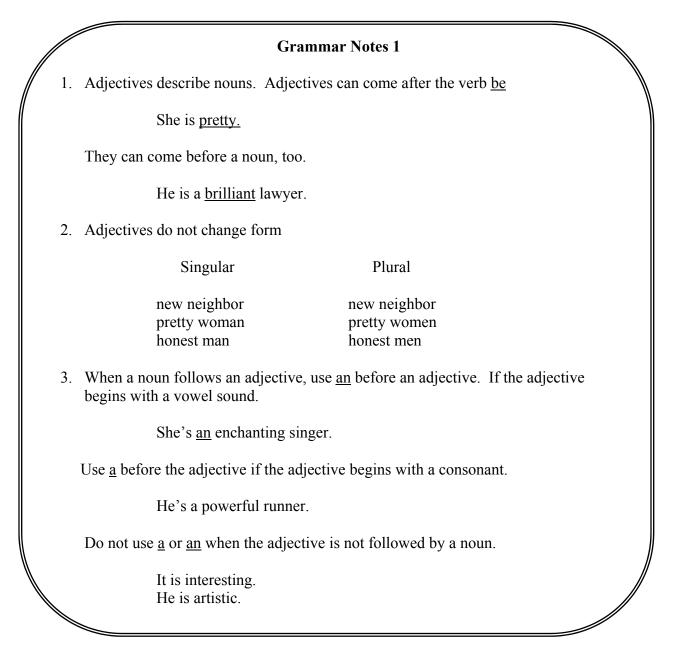
Wonderful Brothers, Lucky Sisters-in-law

- Liza : Come, look at my new pictures.
- Vicky : Not more pictures!
- Liza : These are <u>new pictures</u>.
- Vicky : Okay, Liza. Show me your pictures.
- Liza : These are my brothers. Gary is big and strong. He's an architect. He works in Zambia. He's handsome. His eyes are big and brown. His hair is dark and wavy. George is next to him. George's a lawyer. He's very intelligent.
- Vicky : Who's this?
- Liza : He is my new boyfriend, Gino, He's Chinese. Oh, he's so smart.
- Vicky : Who are the women seated in front of your brothers?
- Liza : They're my sisters-in-law. My brothers are handsome!
- Vicky : They're pretty.
- Liza : Pretty? My brothers aren't pretty. They're handsome.
- Vicky : Your sisters-in-law are pretty.
- Liza : My sisters-in-law are <u>lucky</u>! They're married to my wonderful brothers.
- Vicky : They're not so lucky. You're their sister-in-law!

Activity 1 Comprehension Check

- 1. What does Liza think of her brothers?
- 2. What does Vicky think of Liza's sisters-in-law?
- 3. Why does Vicky think Liza's sisters-in-law aren't so lucky?

To help you recall the uses, forms, and position of adjectives in sentences study the following grammar notes on adjectives.



Activity 2 Describing Persons

Now here's a chance for you to become a "Person Teller." He or she is somewhat like a fortune teller. Here's how. First you get a brief description of a person or persons. Then you have to "tell" a lot of things about these persons. Finally, you will be able to write a story about the person or persons. This is sometimes called a <u>personality</u> sketch. Write your answers in your notebook.

Person Telling subject #1 Sam and Al

Sam is polite, trite and a mite light. His twin Al is happy, sneezy and jumpy, They like gum, flan, rice and jam. But despise honey, money and anything spicy.

- 1. What does trite mean?
 - a. a type of mite c a fish
 - b. ordinary d. a three-wheeled vehicle for children
- 2. What conclusions can you draw about Sam and A1?
 - a. Al is nervous.
 - b. Sam would let an old man go up the bus ahead of himself.
 - c. Sam and Al dislike hot chilly sauce.
 - d. Al never looks on the bright side.
 - e. Sam needs to gain a little weight.
 - f. Sam and Al like honey on their pancakes.
 - g. Sam and Al have been to Hawaii.
- 3. Add a line to the description of Sam and Al.
- 4. Write a short story in your notebook involving Sam and Al. Use the information in the sketch and any conclusions you have drawn from it. Begin your story on a new page. Give it an intriguing title.

Person Telling Subject #2 Mary Hyacinth

Mary Hyacinth is a somber drummer. She looks for old cans, old vans, and old plans. She dreams of boys, concerts and Barbie's Cradle. She tries to wonder, ponder, and wander. Often though she snoozes, croons, and misses.

- 5. List three things you think are somber
- 6. Think of one thing Mary Hyacinth might do with each of the following: an old can an old van an old plan
- 7. From what you know so far, circle the words that describe Mary Hyacinth. Use a dictionary or thesaurus if you're unsure of your answers.
 - a. optimistic e. pessimistic f. careless
 - b. enthusiastic
 - c. melancholy
- g. musically-inclined h. serious
- d. thorough

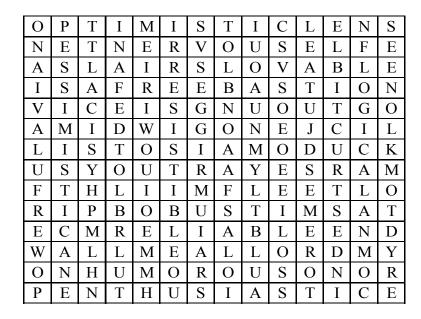
Write a paragraph about Mary Hyacinth. Have Mary Hyacinth meet someone who completely changes her altitudes. Describe the "new" Mary Hyacinth. Begin your paragraph on a new page. Give it a catchy title.

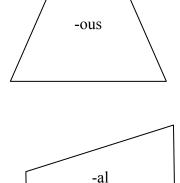
Activity 3. Hidden Adjectives

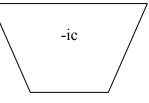
Find and circle the adjectives ending in –able, -al, -ible, -ous, -ic, -ful. The words go from top to bottom or from bottom – up and from left to right or from right to left. Then write each word in the box that contains its suffix.

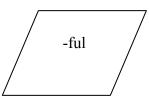
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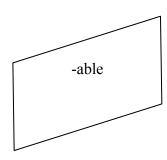
- 1. not able to be destroyed
- 2. full of ambition
- 3. full of joy
- 4. charming
- 5. jumpy, tense
- 6. eager
- 7. hopeful
- 8. sad, gloomy
- 9. not able to be resisted
- 10. appealing to logic
- 11. trustworthy, dependable
- 12. influential
- 13. of the body
- 14. full of humor

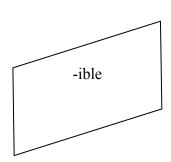












When we describe, we sometimes use a lot of adjectives before a noun. In English, there is a required order for these adjectives. Below is a chart illustrating adjective word order. This is meant to help you but you do not have to memorize it. The more you use adjectives in a series, the more familiar you will become with its order and it will become natural to you.

Articles and Posses- sives	Numbers: Ordinal and Cardinal	General Description Adjectives and Adjectives ending in -ed, -ly, -ful, -ing, ious, etc.	size	shape	age	color	Adjectives of nationa- lity & reli- gion. Also Adjectives ending in -io -al, -y, -ed		Noun
the	two		big		old	green	air- conditioned	volks wagon	beetle
her	three	lovely	little		new- born	white	Japanese		Spitz
Zsa Zsa's		famous		long		blue	lacey		gown
an		antique		round		blue & white	English		bowl
the	first						Philippine	amateur golf	winner

Grammar Notes – 2 Adjective Word Order

Activity 4 Adjective Word Order

Fill in the adjectives in the order required. Refer to the chart if you have difficulty.

- _______ wood sold by illegal loggers.
 (hard, popular, Philippine)
 3. As the _______ trees fall, they damage or destroy (hundred years old, huge, marketable) neighboring trees.
 4. The _______ environment is fragile and (tropical, humid, forest)
 - extremely complex.

(irreplaceable, mankind's, precious)

Activity 5. Describing a Place

There are many things in your life right now that will make excellent subjects for a description. Look around and try to describe things in your home to one who hasn't been there yet. The first one is done for you.

1. new curtains

- 2. dark _____
- 3. interesting _____
- 4. antique
- 5. shiny_____
- 6. priceless
- 7. wooden

 8. comfortable
- 9. brand new _____
- 10. worn-out _____

Activity 6. Using Your Senses

One night when the sky is clear, sit outside. What is your world like at night? Write down all the words you can think of to describe the following.

- 1. What you see
- 2. What you hear
- 3. What you smell
- 4. What you taste
- 5. What you feel

Activity 7. Describing Your Night World

How would you describe your night world to people who live in another part of the world? Would you tell them about the night sounds? How the air feels? Write a paragraph describing your night world.



Activity 1 Comprehension Check

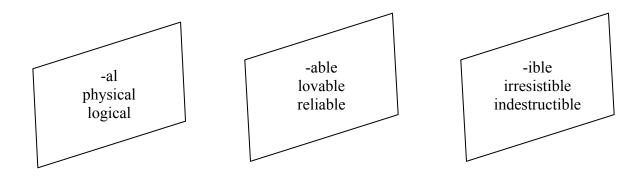
- 1. Liza thinks the world of her brothers.
- 2. They're pretty.
- 3. Because Liza is their sister-in-law.

Activity 2. Describing Persons

- 1. b
- 2. a, b, c, e.
- 3. answers will vary
- 4. answers will vary
- 5. a church or chapel, a court learning, a monastery.
- 6. Hyacinth can turn an old can into a drum; an old van into a mobile home, and an old plan to a wall paper or a gift wrapper or book cover.
- 7. a, b, g, h

Activity 3. Hidden Adjectives

	0	P	Т	Ι	М	Ι	S	Т	Ι	C	L	E	Ν	S	
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ambitious	\			\ 1	pessi	imis	tic	/			/		-		/



Activity 4. Adjective Word Order

- 1. world's, tropical, rain
- 2. popular, Philippine, hard
- 3. huge, hundred years old, marketable

Activity 5. Describing a Place

Possible answers:

- 2. dark storage room
- 3. interesting photographs
- 4. antique <u>vases</u>
- 5. shiny <u>floors</u>

Activity 6. Answers will vary

4.	humid,	tropical	, forest

5. mankind's, precious, irreplaceable

- 6. priceless
 7. wooden
 8. comfortable
- 9. brand new
- 10. worn-out

paintings tables sofa telivision set chairs

Communicative Activities

Activity 8. Describing People

Put the lines in the correct order.

- 1. What does she look like?
 - 2. Please give this to Mrs. Rodriquez in the Administrative office.
- 3. She's tall with straight black hair.
 - _____4. I'm sorry but I'm new here.

Activity 9. Matching lines

Match the questions with the answers

- 1. Is Pete tall?
- 2. Is your hair black?
- 3. What does your mother look like?
- 4. Is her hair curly?
- 5. Is your sister short/
- 6. Is Mr. San Diego heavy?
- a. No. Her hair is straight.
- b. Yes. He's very tall.
- c. No. She's tall.
- d. She's average height with blonde hair.
- e. No. He's very thin.
- f. No. My hair is gray.

Activity 10. Shopping

Check the correct response. The response should trigger the next question.

1. Can I help you?	a. Yes, I'd like a sweater.
2. What size?	b. Yes, I need a birthday present.a. For men.b. I wear medium.
3. Any particular color?	a. Blue, if you have it. b. I hate green.
4. Here's a nice blue one.	a. What? P1,500.00! That's too much! b. How much is it?
5. It's P500.00	a. That's better. I'll take it. b. Fine. I'll take it
Self-check 🗸 🥎	

Activity 8. Describing People

2,43, 1, 3

<i>Activity 9. Mate</i> 1. b	c hing lines 2. f	3. d	4. a	5. c	6. e
<i>Activity 10. Sho</i> 1. a	p ping 2. b	3. a	4. b	5. b	

Enriching Your Vocabulary

By now you must be familiar with the meaning of a number of two-word verbs and can use them in sentences quite naturally.

Activity 1.

Match the phrasal verb with their meaning. Write the sentences and their meanings in your notebook.

1.	If hair and makeup specialists change your	a. invented
	style and image, they make you over.	
2.	Can you understand her handwriting?	b. decide
	I can't <u>make out</u> this word.	
3.	She was perfect in the play,	c. change
	she was <u>made for</u> the part.	
4.	She <u>made up</u> the story because	d. meant, intended
	she was afraid to tell the truth.	
5.	Joe is indecisive and can never	e. understand
	<u>make up</u> his mind.	

Activity 2.

Fill in the blanks with the correct preposition.

up for out over

1. Jack made ______ the story because none would have believed the truth.

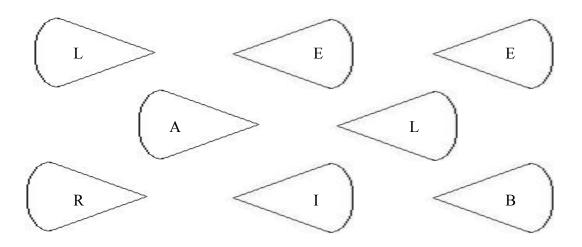
2. It took him ages and a lot of soul searching before he finally made _____ his mind.

- 3. Liza and Joe had a lot in common. They were made ______ each other.
- 4. Nancy left a note on my table. Can you make _____ this word?

5. Gertie decided to visit David's Salon for a make ______.

Activity 3. Fun With Words

Make a circle out of these shapes when the correct circle has been formed an adjective can be read clockwise. What is the word?



Self-check 🗸 🔭	Con la constante		
Activity 1			
1. c	2. e	3. d	4. a
Activity 2			
1. up	2. up	3. for	4. out
Activity 3			
RELIABLE			
	N		

Write Thing

Activity 1 Pre Writing

Now you are ready to apply the language skills you've learned in the preceding section. You will write a description of a person in which you appeal to the reader's emotions as well as his/her senses. You should know your subject well enough to be able to describe him/her in detail.

5. b

5. over

Include only the important details, decide how you will arrange them, and find the best physical point of view from which to describe your subject. Decide also how you want the reader to feel about the subject.

Here's a writing idea you can use for your composition.

Liza and Vicky were impressed by the young people from India who live in their neighborhood. They have come to the Philippines to study. Liza is fascinated by their stories of life in their country. Vicky especially admires the colorful saris the girls wear. Have you ever met anyone whose appearance, dress, speech or actions are much different from yours? Perhaps you can write a good description of that person.

Activity 2. Drafting

Now you're ready to write your first draft. In at least 300 words, write a description in which the reader not only will see your subject but will also feel the way you do about him/her. Use comparisons and words with suggestive power to make the reader admire, dislike, feel sorry for or be amused at you subject. Putting the person in some situation may help you describe his actions, gestures and expressions and show what kind of person she/he is. Show the reader that the person you are describing is happy, sad, funny, serious, kind or aloof.

Activity 3. Revising

Reread and revise your writing using the revising checklist as your guide.

	Revising Checklist	
]	1. Have I chosen a subject I could describe in detail?	
2	2. Have I selected the appropriate details and arranged them in some order?	
	3. Did I describe my subject from the best physical point of view?	
۷	4. Did I use specific words to describe the person's appearance, expressions, gestures, and actions, particularly those that reveal his/her personality?	
4	5. Did I use words with suggestive power to influence the reader's feelings?	
e	6. Should I leave out anything to bring my subject into sharper focus?	

Activity 4. Proofreading

Proofread your description and make the necessary corrections. Check for errors in grammar, punctuation, spelling and capitalization.

You may not have time for many proof-readings, but take time for at least two: one sentence proofreading and one word proof-reading. First, read the sentences aloud. By reading the sentences orally, your ears may catch many errors your eyes alone would miss. By sing two senses instead of one, you double your chances of finding errors. This will help you detect many errors in grammar and punctuation.

Your second proofreading is for words – for their spelling and capitalization. Word proofreading has one chief characteristic: slowness. Reading at a normal pace is too fast to reveal all misspellings and errors in capitalization. For instance, did your reading of the sentence just before this one reveal to you the two misspelled words there? They are to for too and misspellings for misspellings. Probably you did not notice both errors. You probably do not notice all of your own misspellings when you read at a normal pace.

Activity 4. Publishing and Sharing

Rewrite your completed word picture in ink. Give it a good title. Now you're ready to submit your composition to your teacher.



A. Vocabulary. Recognizing Compound Words

Match a word in Column 1 with a word in Column II to form a compound noun.

Ι	II
1. land	a. mother
2. bed	b. ball
3. grand	c. keeper
4. base	d. slide
5. book	e. room

B. Complete each sentence by adding a suffix to the word in parenthesis. Choose from the list below:

-ic, -ly, -y, -ful, -ious, -ed

- 6. The Philippines is a _____ meeting place. (wonder)
- 7. I stepped into M. Apacible Street, the main avenue that leads to the heart of the municipality of Taal (history)
- 8. Taal's once ______ streets are now replete with sounds of modern transportation (sleep)
- 9. February is the perfect time to be in Boracay, the country's No. 1 destination, its powdery white coastline not too ______ (crowd)

10. Tourists marvel at the _____ sunset (glory)

C. Idioms

Fill in the blank with the correct preposition.

out up over to

11. Liza needed to work overtime to make ______ for lost time.

12. Patrick's handwriting is terrible. Can you make ______ this word?

- 13. Glo and Alvin have a very happy marriage. They were made ______ each other.
- 14. Vicky visited Ricky Reyes for a make _____.

D. Reading Comprehension

Read the short passage then answer the questions that follow.

The sun burst froth in glorious yellow-orange hues. The woman in her usual tapis and saya, went about her task of salting the fish in the earthen jars. Suddenly,

she froze. From where she stood, she saw a dark brown snake coiled near the base of an earthen jar. The snake seemed to be in repose.

15 – 17 In the first column, write down each choice the woman has, in the second column write what the results of each might be.

	Woman's Choice	Possible Results
15.		
16.		
17.		

What is the best thing to do in the above situation?



A. Vocabulary

1. d 2. e 3. a 4. b 5. c

B. Affixation

6. wonderful	8. sleepy	10. glorious
7. historic	9. crowded	

C. Idioms

11. up 12. out 13. for 14. over

D. Comprehension (Give yourself 2 points for each number)

Woman's Choice	Possible Results
15. back off quietly	the snake will remain coiled
16. hit the snake with a heavy object	she might miss the head of the snake and it
	might strike back at her.
17. call for help	the snake might not be there when she returns.

Your Score:



20Perfect! Congratulations16-19Very Good6-1011-15Good Job1-5Try harder

All right! You are through with Module 3 of Unit II. It is expected that it has helped you become a discerning global citizen.

Before you put aside this module, spend some time reflecting on what you have learned from it. Use this format in your reflective journal. Check the column that best describes your feeling about the activities you did. For the last column, give your reason.

	How I líked them		
Things I Did	(Very much)	(Just fine)	(Not so much because)
What I liked best			

What I think of the activities in this module